INTER-UNIVERSITY BOARD OF INDIA

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SRINAGAR

ANNUAL REPORT

1948-49.

PRINTED AT THE P. & O. PRINTING,
NICHOLSON ROAD, DELHI.

The Secretary
No: U.G. 96871
Dated 15.12.49
Legislation
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INTER-UNIVERSITY BOARD, INDIA.

List of Representatives, 1948-49.

1 Dr. N.P. Asthana, M.A., LL.D., C. I. E. (Agra)
2 Dr. D.R. Bhattacharya, Ph. D., D. Sc. (Allahabad).
3 Dr. Zakir Hussain, M.A., Ph. D. (Aligarh).
4 Dr. C.R. Reddy, M.A., D. Litt. (Andhra).
5 Dr. S.G. Manavala Ramanujam, M.A., Ph. D., F. Z. S., (Annamalai).
6 Pandit Govind Malaviya, M.A., LL.B. (Banaras).
7 Mahamahopadhyaya Dr. P.V. Kane, M.A., LL.M., D. Litt. (Bombay).
8 Dr. P.N. Banerjee, M.A., B.L., Bar-at-Law. (Calcutta).
9 Sir Ivor Jennings, M.A., D. Litt. (Ceylon).
10 Sir Maurice Gwyer, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., D.C.L., LL.D. (Delhi).
11 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Teja Singh (East Panjab).
12 K.K. Handiqui, Esq., M.A. (Cal et. Oxon) (Gauhati).
13 Prof. N.K. Sidhanta, M.A. (Cantab.) (Lucknow).
14 Sir A.L. Mudaliar, M.D., LL.D., D.C.L., D.Sc., F.R.C.O.G., F.A.C.S. (Madras) (*Chairman*).
15 Janab Sultan Mohiyuddin, M.A., LL.B., M.Ed. (Myscre).
16 Pandit K.L. Dubey, B.A., LL.B. (Nagpur).
17 Nawab Ali Yavar Jung Bahadur, B.A. (Oxon) (Osmania).
18 Sir C. P.N. Singh, C.I.E., M.A. (Patna).
19 Dr. G.S. Mahajani, M.A., Ph. D. (Rajputana).
20 Dr. Htin Aung, M.A., B.Litt., Ph. D., D. Litt., Bar-at-Law. (Rangoon).
21 Sir Hari Singh Gour, Kt., M. A., D. Litt , D. Sc., LL. D., D. C. L. (Saugar).
22 H. C. Papworth, Esq., O.B.E., M.A., (Travancore).
23 Sri C. M. Acharyya, M.A., B.L. (Utkal).

Educational Adviser to the Government of India, Ministry of Education, New Delhi—3.

S. Mathai, Esq., M.A. (Oxon). (*Secretary*).

Succession List of Chairmen of the Inter-University Board of India and the places where the annual meetings were held :

1 The Rev. R. M. Macphail, M.A., D.D., C.I.E., C.B.E., Vice-Chancellor, University of Madras, Madras. 1925, *Bombay*.
2 The Rt. Hon'ble Dr. Sir Akbar Hydari, Nawab Hyder Nawaz Jung Bahadur, B.A., LL.D., Finance Member, Executive Council and Member University Council, Osmania University, Hyderabad-Dn. 1925-27, *Delhi & Banaras*.

3 Sir R. Venkataratnam Naidu, Kt., M.A., Vice-Chancellor, University of Madras, Madras. 1927-28, *Madras.*

4 Prof. A. C. Woolner, M.A., C.I.E., Vice-Chancellor, The Punjab University, Lahore. 1928-30, *Patna & Dacca.*

5 Principal A. B. Dhruva, M.A., LL.B., I.E.S., (Retd) Pro.-Vice-Chancellor, Banaras Hindu University, Banaras. 1930-31, *Mysore.*

6 The Rev. Dr. W. S. Urquhart, M.A., D. Litt., D.D., D.L., Principal, Scottish Church College, Calcutta. 1931-32, *Lahore.*

7 Diwan Bahadur, Sir K. Rammunni Menon, Kt., M.A. (Cantab), Vice-Chancellor, University of Madras, Madras. 1932-33, *Hyderabad-Dn.*

8 Prof. G. H. Langle, M.A., I.E.S., Vice-Chancellor, University of Dacca, Dacca. 1933-34, *Delhi.*

9 Prof. P. A. Wadia, M.A., University of Bombay, Bombay. 1934-35, *Calcutta.*

10 R. Littlehailes, Esqr., M.A., C.I.E., Vice-Chancellor, University of Madras, Madras. 1935-36, *Aligarh.*

11 Pandit Amaranatha Jha, M.A., Professor of English, University of Allahabad, Allahabad. 1936-37, *Nagpur.*

12 Dr. C. R. Reddy, M.A. (Cantab), D. Litt., M.L.C., Vice-Chancellor, Andhra University, Waltair. 1937-38, *Allahabad.*

13 Diwan Bahadur S. E. Runganadhan, M.A., L.T., M.L.C., Vice-Chancellor, University of Madras, Madras. 1938-39, *Bombay.*

14 Rajakaryapravina Mr. N. S. Subba Rao, M.A. (Cantab), Bar-at-Law. Vice-Chancellor, University of Mysore, Mysore. 1939-40, *Waltair.*

15 Dr. A. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.Litt., I.E.S., Director of Public Instruction and Secretary to Government, Central Provinces and Berar, Nagpur. 1940-41, *Trivandrum.*

16 The Hon'ble Dr. Syamaprasad Mookerjee, M.A., B.L., D.Litt., Bar-at-Law, M.L.A., 77-Asutosh Mookerjee Road, Calcutta. 1941-42, *Annamalainagar.*

17 Prof. A. B. A. Haleem, B.A. (Oxon), Bar-at-Law. Pro-Vice-Chancellor, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh. 1942-43, *Mysore.*

18 Sir S. Radhakrishnan, M.A., D.Litt., LL.D., F.B.A., Vice-Chancellor, Banaras Hindu University, Banaras. 1943-44, *Hyderabad-Dn.*

19 Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha, D.Litt., Bar-at-Law, M.L.A., Vice-Chancellor, University of Patna, Patna. 1944-45, *Patna.*

20 Sir Maurice Gwyer, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., D.C.L., LL.D., Vice-Chancellor, University of Delhi, Delhi. 1945-46, *Colombo.*

21 Dr. J. C. Chatterjee, M.A., D.Litt., M.L.A. (Central), Vice-Chancellor, University of Agra, Agra. 1946-47, *Jaipur.*

22 Prof. N. K. Sidhanta, M.A. (Cantab), Professor of English and Dean of the Faculty of Arts, University of Lucknow, Lucknow. 1947-48, *Cuttack.*

23 Sir A. L. Mudaliar, B.A., M.D., D.Sc., F.R.C.O.G., F.A.C.S., Vice-Chancellor, University of Madras, Madras. 1948-49, *Madras.*

Succession list of Secretaries.

1 Prof. N. S. Subba Rao, M. A. (Cantab), Bar-at-Law, University Professor of Economics, and Principal, Maharaja's College, Mysore. 1925-27.

2 Prof. P. Seshadri, M. A., Dean, Faculty of Commerce, University of Agra, and Senior Professor of English, Sanatan Dharma College, Kanpur. 1927-32.

3 Prof. A.R. Wadia, B. A. (Cantab), Bar-at-Law, Professor of Philosophy, Maharaja's College, Mysore. 1932-37.

4 Prof N. K. Sidhanta, M. A. (Cantab), Dean, Faculty of Arts, and Professor of English, University of Lucknow, Lucknow. 1937-42.

5 Prof. H. K. Sherwani, M. A. (Oxon), F. R. Hist. S., Bar-at-Law, Head of the Department of History and Political Science, Osmania University, Hyderabad. (Deccan). 1942-45.

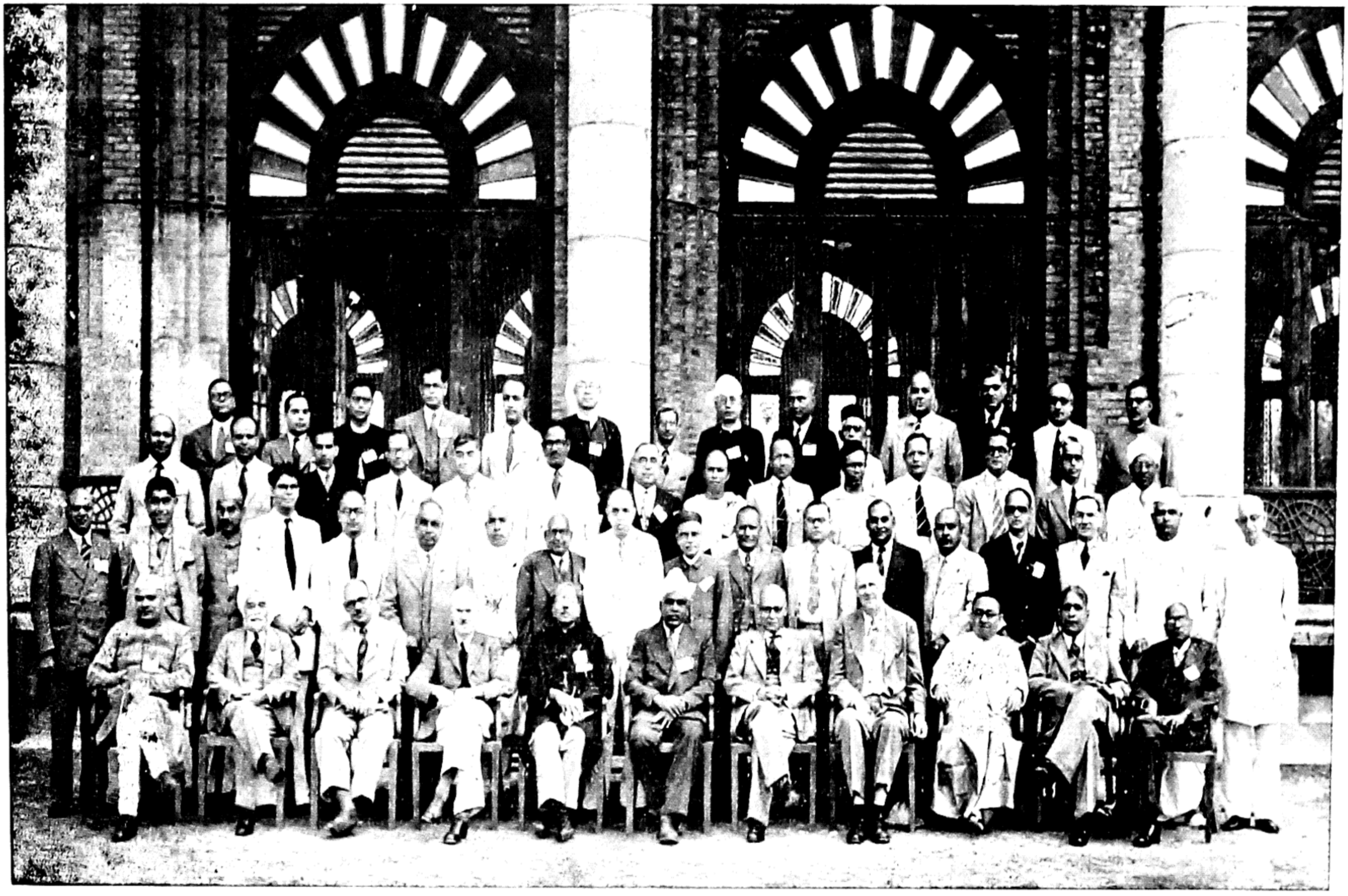
6 K. P. Sinha, Esq., M. A. (Cantab), Principal, G. B. B. College, Muzaffarpur. 1945-31st January, 1947.

7 Dr. J. C. Chatterjee, M. A., D. Litt., M. L. A. (Central) 10-A, Cavalry Lines, Delhi. 1st February, 1947 to 31st October, 1947.

8 S. Mathai, Esq., M. A. (Oxon), from April, 1948.

SIXTH QUINQUENNIAL INTER-UNIVERSITIES CONFERENCE

MADRAS DECEMBER 1949



SITTING (*From left to right*)— Pandit K. L. Dubey, *V. C. Nagpur.* The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Teja Singh, *V. C. East Punjab.* Sir C. P. N. Singh, *V. C. Patna.* Dr. J. E. Duff, *V. C. Durham* (*Universities Commission*). Dr. C. R. Reddy, *V. C. Andhra.* Dr. Sir A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar, *V. C. Madras, Chairman.* Prof. P. N. Banerjee, *V. C. Calcutta.* Dr. John J. Tigert, *President, Florida* (*Universities Commission*). Dr. Htin Aung, *Administrator, Rangoon.* Mr. C. M. Acharyya, *V. C. Utkal.* Dr. N. P. Asthana, *V. C. Agra.*

STANDING (*1st Row*)— Dr Syed Hussain, *Osmania.* Mr. M. K. Ghosh, *Allahabad.* Dr. B. R. Saksena, *Allahabad.* Dr. A. C. Chettiar, *Annamalai.* Dr. K. Krishnamurthi, *Nagpur.* Mr. G. V. Krishnaswami Ayyangar, *Annamalai.* Mr. V. Narayana Pillai, *Travancore.* Dr. V. S. Ram, *Lucknow.* Sir V. N. Chandavarkar, *Bombay.* Mahamahopadhyaya Dr. P. V. Kane, *V. C. Bombay.* Mr. M. C. Pradhan, *Utkal.* Dr. A. B. Misra, *Banaras.* Mr. Sri Narayana Sahay, *Patna.* Mr. Gostha Hari Sinha, *Patna.* Mr. C. P. Mathew, *Travancore.* Mr. H. C. Papworth, *V. C. Travancore.* Pandit Govind Malaviya, *V. C. Banaras.* Dr. N. V. Thadani, *Delhi.*

STANDING (*2nd Row*)— Dr. A. W. Mayilvaganam, *Pro. V. C. Ceylon.* Mr. S. Mathai, *Secretary. Inter-University Board.* Mr. L. R. Sivasubramaniam, *Delhi.* Mr. M. S. Doraiswami, *Osmania.* Dr. K. N. Bahl, (*Universities Commission*). Mr. K. V. Gopalswamy, *Andhra.* Mr. S. R. Dongerkery, *Bombay.* Mr. M. D. Ratnasurya, *Ceylon.* Dr. G. S. Mahajani, *V. C Rajputana.* Mr. Humayun Kabir, *Joint Educational Adviser, Govt. of India.* Mr. D. S. Reddy, *Madras.* Mr. N. K. Sidhanta, *Lucknow.* Mr. R. Ravi Varma, *Registrar, Madras University.* Dr. S. G. Manavala Ramanujam, *V. C. Annamalai.*

STANDING (*3rd Row*)— Dr. D. C. Chakravarthi, *Calcutta.* Mr. H. Mahapatra, *Utkal.* Mr. U Ko Lay, *Observer, Rangoon.* Mr. Habibul Rahman, *Aligarh.* Mr. S. K. Dutta, *Gauhati.* Mr. U Po Tha, *Rangoon.* Mr. S. Govindarajulu Naidu, *Madras.* Mr. U Ba, *Rangoon.* Mr. R. R. Thomas, *Gauhati.* Mr. D. C. Sharma, *East Punjab.* Dr. V. S. Krishna, *Andhra.* Dr. U. C. Nag, *Banaras.* Mr. C. Mahajan, *Agra.* Mr. M. M. Varma, *Rajputana.*

THE INTER-UNIVERSITY BOARD OF INDIA

ANNUAL REPORT

1948-49.

I

INTRODUCTION.

This report covers the twenty-fourth year of the existence of the Inter-University Board of India, from 1st April, 1948 to 31st March, 49.

During the year the personnel of the Board underwent the following changes :

Dr. D. R. Bhattacharya, PH. D., D. SC., Vice-Chancellor, University of Allahabad, took the place of Dr. Tara Chand, M. A., D. PHIL. (Oxon) who had represented his University on the Board since April, 1947.

Dr. Zakir Hussain, M. A., PH. D., Vice-Chancellor, University of Aligarh took the place of Nawab Mohamed Ismail Khan Sahib, B. A. (Cantab) who had represented his University on the Board since August, 1947.

Nawab Ali Yavar Jung Bahadur, B. A., (Oxon), Vice-Chancellor, Osmania University, took the place of Dr. Wali Mohammed, M. A. (Punjab), M. A. (Cantab), PH. D. (Gottingen) who had represented his University on the Board since October, 1946.

Dr. G. S. Manavala Ramanujam, M. A., PH. D., F. Z. S., Vice-Chancellor, Annamalai University, took the place of Mr. M. Ruthnaswamy, M. A. (Cantab), Bar-at-Law, C. I. E., who had represented his University on the Board since September, 1942.

Dr. Amaranatha Jha, M. A., D. LITT., LL. D., F. R. S. L., represented the Banaras Hindu University on the Board since April, 1948, replacing Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, M. A., D. LITT., LL. D., F. B. A., who had represented the University for 12 years prior to the year 1948. From 11th December,

1948. Pandit Govind Malaviya, M. A., LL. B., M. C. A., Vice-Chancellor took the place of Dr. Amaranatha Jha.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Teja Singh, Vice-Chancellor, East Punjab University, Solan (Simla Hills), took the place of Dewan Anand Kumar M. A. (Cantab), Dean of University Instruction, who had represented his University on the Board since April, 1946.

Dr. Htin Aung, M. A., B. LITT., PH. D., D. LITT, Bar-at-Law, Administrator, University of Rangoon, took the place of Dr. Maung Set, C. I. E., B. A., LL. D., Chairman, Board of Trustees of the University, who had represented his University on the Inter-University Board since April, 1946.

Sri C. M. Acharyya, M. A., B. L., Vice-Chancellor, Utkal University, took the place of Dr. P. Parija, D. SC., O. B. E., who had represented his University on the Inter-University Board since May, 1944.

The Board welcomes the new members and places on record the valuable services rendered by the retiring members.

Sir A. L. Mudaliar, M.A., LL.D., D.C.L., D.SC., F.R.C.O.G., F.A.C.S., Vice-Chancellor of Madras University, was the Chairman of the Board for the year. Mr. S. Mathai, M. A. (Bom), M. A. (Oxon) was appointed Secretary of the Board as from the 1st of April, 1948.

The new University of Gauhati (Assam) became a member of the Board in June, 1948, thus bringing the total figure of membership of the Board to 23. The Board welcomes the Vice-Chancellor, Mr. K. K. Handiqui, M. A. (Cal et Oxon) who represents his University on the Inter-University Board. The Universities of Poona, and Jammu and Kashmir are likely to begin to function in the near future and to be affiliated to the Inter-University Board.

REPORT OF ACTION TAKEN ON THE RESOLUTIONS OF THE BOARD.

Action has been taken on all the Resolutions of the

Board passed at its twenty-third Annual Meeting held at Cuttack in December, 1947.

1 In connection with Resolution No. II, information was sought from the Government of India regarding their views on the adoption of Indian languages as media of instruction in Indian Universities. The proposal was discussed by the Central Advisory Board of Education at their fifteenth meeting held at Allahabad in January, 1949, and it was resolved that the aim of all Universities should be the replacement of English by an Indian language as the medium of instruction at the University stage in the shortest possible time consistent with the maintenance of standards of teaching and efficiency of training, particularly in scientific and technical subjects, and also the preparation of books required for the purpose. They also resolved that a final decision in the matter should be deferred pending the report of the Universities Commission.

2 Resolution No. IV, recommending to all Universities the inclusion of subjects like Industrial Relations in one or other of the Degree Courses:

Replies received from some of the Universities show that many of them have the subject in one of their Degree Courses. (See Appendix A.)

3 Resolution No. V (i), recommending to all Universities inclusion of Cost-Accounting as an optional subject in the B. A. and B. Com. examinations:

Replies received from 11 Universities show that many of them have the subject in their Degree Courses. (See Appendix B.)

4 Resolution No. V (2) (a & b) requesting the Government of India to give a statement on their present policy in the matter of introducing *Cadet* training in all its aspects from the High School to the College and to take speedy action for the implementation of the scheme was communicated to the Government of India. The matter is under consideration of the C. A. B. of Education.

5 Resolution No. V (3) recommending to the Universities the encouragement of Social Service by University

students on a voluntary basis :

Replies were received from 11 Universities. Most of the Universities are in favour of the proposal. The Government of India are taking steps to form an All-India Council of Social Services one of the purposes of which will be to give grants to bodies doing social service. When the Council is formed it will be possible for the Universities to apply to the Council for financial help, if necessary. The Governments of Bengal, Madras, Mysore and Orissa have signified their approval of the recommendation. (See Appendix C)

6 Resolution No. VIII, requesting the Universities having Engineering Faculties to send their opinion regarding the syllabus and scope of examination etc. of the proposed Diploma Course in Engineering sponsored by the All India Council for Technical Education :

As definite views on the subject were received only from three of the Universities, the matter could not be discussed further by the Standing Committee. (See Appendix D.)

7 Resolution No. IX, requesting the Government of India to place the total amounts available to the Government of India under the Fullbright Act at the disposal of the University Grants Committee for distribution to the Universities for developing post-graduate work and research was communicated to the Government of India. The Government of India has replied as follows :—

"The Fullbright Act of the United States of America prescribes conditions for the expenditure of the United States Government's share of the sale proceeds of United States surplus war property in several countries including India. As the funds in question belong to the United States Government, the question of the Government of India making the amount available to the University Grants Committee for distribution to the Universities for developing post-graduate work and research does not arise. The Government of India are, however, examining in consultation with the United States Government, proposals for the utilization of the Fund (which is available for expenditure for certain restricted purposes and in rupee currency only) for

cultural and educational programmes of interest to both countries".

8 Resolution No. X, requesting the Central and Provincial Governments to sanction liberal grants to the Universities to develop research in fundamental and applied sciences and in Arts was communicated to them. The Central Government has noted the recommendations while the Govts. of Bengal, Madras and Mysore have replied that they are already helping their Universities in the matter.

9 Resolution No. XI, recommending that a Central Institute of Applied Psychology be established by the Government of India at Delhi in close association with the Universities was communicated to the Government of India. The reply received in the matter is as follows :

"The Government of India are proposing to set up an Institute of Psychology as an adjunct to the Central Institute of Education under the Delhi University. The work of the Institute will, however, be confined to Educational and Child Psychology. The question of widening its scope to cover all branches of applied Psychology can, however, be considered when the Institute has come into existence."

10 Resolution No. XII, (4), referring to the Central Advisory Board of archaeology, the question of co-operation and co-ordination between the Universities in India and the two Departments of Archaeology, if constituted by the Indian Dominion aud Pakistan, "in order to secure an all-India importance of historical sites," and requesting that "as far as possible the Headquarters of the Archaeological Centres should be located near about the Universities, so as to enable the Universities to make the best use of the Archaeological work" was communicated to the Government of India. The reply received in the matter is as follows:—

"The Resolution was discussed by the Central Advisory Board of Archaeology at its meeting on the 2nd February, 1948. Whilst a general approval of the terms of the resolution was expressed, it was pointed out that factors other than academic were also involved in the location of Circle head-quarters. The function of a Circle of the Department is primarily that of conservation of ancient monu-

ments, and the first and foremost essential is that Circle headquarters be suitably situated for that task. Proximity to a University is an obvious advantage, but is necessarily a secondary consideration. At the present moment the question does not arise since all Circle headquarters are situated at University centres."

11 Resolution No. XIII (a), recommending that the Central Government should apportion adequate grants to all Universities which may be distributed through the University Grants Committee, on lines similar to those operating in England for enabling Universities to open new courses of studies and to improve the existing facilities :

The Government is of opinion that education being a Provincial subject, the University Grants Committee can recommend grants to non-central Universities for scientific and technical education or for research only.

12 Resolution No. XVI (a), recommending that candidates who pass in 6 subjects of the Ceylon Government Senior School Certificate and obtain credit in any 4 of them be admitted to the Junior Intermediate class :

The Universities of East Punjab, Osmania, Madras and Travancore are in favour of the proposal. Annamalai agrees on a reciprocal basis. Others are either not concerned with the Intermediate course or will take up the matter when a formal application is made to them. (See Appendix E)

13 Resolution No. XVI (b), inviting the opinion of the Universities on the subject of allowing students who have obtained Higher School Certificate of the Ceylon University to the Intermediate Course in one year :

The Universities of Andhra, Annamalai, Bombay, Madras and Mysore do not agree to the proposal whereas the Universities of Aligarh, East Punjab and Travancore are in favour of the proposal. (See Appendix F)

14 Resolution No. XVIII, requesting the grant of permission for necessary importation of Scientific apparatus, equipment, chemicals and machinery for laboratory purposes in Universities and Educational Institutions under Capital

Goods, as these things of the required quality and spicifications are not available in this country, was communicated to the Government of India, and other authorities as desired in the Resolution.

The Ministry of Education replied that applications from the Universities and Educational Institutions in India for Import Licences for the importation of scientific equipment and machinery from abroad would be recommended by them on the merit of each case to the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, for favourable consideration. The application should be in triplicate on the prescribed forms. Two copies of each of the prescribed forms were sent to the Universities by the Inter-University Board Office for necessary action.

15 Resolution No. XX (2), requesting that the autonomy of the Universities be borne in mind by the Central and Provincial Governments in their new legislations was communicated to them. The Central Government and the Governments of Bengal, Madras, and Mysore have noted the resolution.

16 Resolution No. XXI, regarding the introduction of a scheme formulated by the Utkal University pertaining to a compulsory test of physical fitness at the Matriculation stage of all Indian Universities was circulated among the Universities for their opinion. (See Appendix G)

The question does not apply to some of the Universities. The general opinion of the Universities is that it is not desirable to make it an integral part of the Matriculation Examination, although they are in favour of encouraging physical fitness by other means.

17 In reply to Resolution No. XXV, the Government of India have stated that they have no objection to permission being given to Professors and Lecturers of Indian Universities to join the International Association of University Professors and Lecturers in London.

18 Resolution No. XXXIII, laying down a new procedure for election of three representatives of the Medical Faculties of the Universities to the Governing Body of the

India Research Fund Association, was communicated to the Universities concerned. All of them have approved of this and changed their constitution in this respect accordingly.

The other resolutions which did not need any specific action were communicated to the Universities.

III

MEETINGS AND CONFERENCES.

During the year under report a Conference of Executive Heads of Universities of the British Commonwealth was held at Bristol from 13th to 17th July, 1948. Professor P. N. Banerjee, Sir Ivor Jennings, Dr. Wali Mohammad, Sir A. L. Mudaliar, Mr. H. C. Papworth, Dr C. R. Reddy, Mr. M. Ruthnaswamy and Sir C. P. N. Singh, Vice-Chancellors of the Universities of Calcutta, Ceylon, Osmania (Hyderabad-Deccan)., Madras, Travancore, Andhra, Annamalai and Patna represented their respective Universities at the Conference.

The Inter-University Board of India was represented at the Conference by Sir A.L. Mudaliar (Chairman for the year) and Professor S. Mathai, Secretary of the Board.

Following this, the 6th Congress of Universities of the British Commonwealth was held at Oxford from 19th July to 23rd July, 1948. The Inter-University Board, India, was represented at the Conference by the Chairman and Mr .S. Mathai, Secretary of the Board, who attended the Congress at the invitation of the British Universities Bureau. The following Universities were also represented at the Congress by their Vice-Chancellors and delegates mentioned against them:—

ALIGARH—(Mrs.) M. J. Haidar, M. A., Principal, Women's College, Aligarh.

ALLAHABAD—P. E. Dustoor, M. A., D. LITT., Associate Prefessor of English Literature.

ANDHRA—Dr C. Ramalinga Reddy, M.A., D. LITT., Vice-Chancellor and Mr. A. H. Southorn, O. B. E., M. A., Ex-Officio Member of the Syndicate.

ANNAMALAI—Mr. M. Ruthnaswamy, C.I.E., M.A., Vice-Chancellor and Mr. M. S. Sundaram, (Education Officer, Office of the High Commissioner, London).

BANARAS—Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan, M.A., D. LITT., LL. D., F. B. A., ex-Vice-Chancellor, (Spalding Professor of Eastern Religions and Ethics, Oxford).

CALCUTTA—Prof. P. N. Banerjee, M. A., B. L., Bar-at-Law, Vice-Chancellor and Chairman of Syndicate. Dr. S. Radhakrishnan. (See also Banaras). Mr. W. S. Urquhart, M.A., D. LITT., D. L., LL. D., ex-Vice-Chancellor.

DELHI—Rao Sahib S. R. Ranganathan, M.A., D. LITT., Professor of Library Science.

MADRAS—Sir A. L. Mudaliar, B. A., D. SC. M. D., LL. D., F. R. C. O. G., F. A. C. S., Vice-Chancellor (Chairman, Inter-University Board, India).

OSMANIA—Mr. W. Mohammad, M. A., PH. D., I. E. S., Vice-Chancellor.

PATNA—Sir Chandresvar P. N. Singh, C. I. E., M. A., Hony. Vice-Chancellor, Mr. G. H. Sinha, B.A., B.SC. (Principal Tej Narayan Jubilee College, Bhagalpur) and Mr. M. Q. Doja, B.A., B.SC., Professor of Organic Chemistry.

TRAVANCORE—Mr. H. C. Papworth, O. B. E., M. A., Vice-Chancellor.

CEYLON—Sir W. Ivor Jennings, M. A., LITT. D., L.L. D., Vice-Chancellor and Mr. M. D. Ratnasuriya, B. A., PH. D., Professor of Sinhalese and Dean of the Faculty of Oriental Studies.

Important questions of common interest pertaining to, University education were discussed at these conferences such as, "Relations of the State and the Universities", "Inter-University Relations," "A critical review from the points of view of an historian, a philosopher and a sociologist of the structural and moral changes produced in Modern Society by scientific and technological advance", "the balance of Research and Teaching at Universities," "General plans for Colonial Higher Education".

A brief account of the Congress was broadcast by Mr. Mathai from Delhi at the invitation of All-India Radio.

A preparatory Conference of Representatives of Universities was convened by the U. N. E. S. C. O. at Utrecht from 2nd to 13th August, 1949. The Government of India having been invited to send three representatives to the Conference, referred the matter to the Inter-University Board, which deputed Sir C. P. N. Singh., Mr. M. Ruthnaswamy, Vice-Chancellors of Patna and Annamalai Universities, and Principal G. H. Sinha of Bhagalpur College as participants in the Conference. The first two representatives read short papers on the history and development of Indian University Education at the Conference.

The Board heartily thanks the delegates mentioned above for representing the Inter-University Board, India, and the Universities of India at these conferences.

The Twenty-fourth Annual Meeting of the Inter-University Board and the Sixth Quinquennial Conference of Universities were held at the University of Madras in December, 1948. The Annual Meeting was attended by 17 members of the Board, and the conference by the 17 members and 38 other delegates from the various Universities. Apart from these, the Educational Adviser to the Government of India and some of the members of the Ministry of Education, members of the University Commission, the University Grants Committee and the F. P. S. C., Representatives of the Ministry of Defence, and Directors or Principals of some Institutions were present by invitation. These meetings were specially important in view of the fact that they were the first to be held in a free India.

The Conference discussed problems pertaining to:—

1. Principles governing State Aid to Universities.
2. Universities and Public Services.
3. Programme of University Extension Work.
4. Regional Planning of Universities and conditions for the establishment of new Universities.
5. The position of languages, provincial, federal or foreign, in University courses of studies, etc.

There was also a Symposium on "The Relationship of the State to Universities".

On the 1st January 1949, there was a Conference on Post-Graduate Medical Education convened by the Inter-University Board and the Government of India in the Ministry of Health, at which the Vice-Chancellors, representatives of Medical Faculties in the Universities, and representatives of the Ministry of Health were present. Important resolutions affecting Post-graduate Medical Education were adopted, the most important of which being (a) the need for maintenance of minimum standards in regard to post-graduate qualifications in the Faculty of Medicine, and (b) the setting up of an All-India Council of Post Graduate Medical Education.

THE UNIVERSITIES COMMISSION.

Resolution No. XXXII of the Inter-University Board, passed at their twenty-second annual meeting held at Jaipur in 1946 had been communicated to the Government of India, recommending the constitution of a Universities Commission on the lines of the Sadler Commission to report on the work of Indian Universities and to suggest any changes that may be deemed desirable in the light of modern conditions and changes in educational policies adopted in other countries and to suit modern requirements in India. The Board recommended that the Commission should be mainly composed of eminent educationalists with University experience from India and abroad. The resolution was also recommended by the Central Advisory Board of Education, India. In response to these recommendations, the Government of India appointed a Universities Commission consisting of the following gentlemen :—

Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, Spalding Professor of Ethics and Eastern Religions at the University of Oxford. (Chairman).

Dr. Tara Chand, M. A., D. PHIL. (Oxon), Secretary and Educational Adviser to the Government of India.

Prof. J. F. Duff, Vice-Chancellor, University of Durham,

Dr. Zakir Hussain, M.A., PH.D., Vice-Chancellor, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh.

Dr. Arthur E. Morgan, Lately President of Antioch College and Chairman of the Board of Tennessee Valley Authority, U.S.A.

Dr. A. Lakshmanaswamy Mudaliar, Vice-Chancellor, Madras University and Chairman, Inter-University Board, India.

Dr. Meghnad Saha, D. Sc., F. R. S., Dean, Faculty of Science, Calcutta University.

Dr. K. N. Bahl, Head of the Department of Zoology, Lucknow University.

Dr. John J. Tigert, Lately Commissioner of Education, U. S. A., and President, Florida University.

Prof. N. K. Sidhanta, Dean, Faculty of Arts, Lucknow University, Lucknow. (Secretary).

The Commission has been visiting the various Universities of the country and their report will probably be available some time in September, 1949. This will be a great step in laying down a constructive policy of University education and research in relation to the problems and needs of the country at the present time.

IV

PUBLICATIONS.

During the year under report the following publications were issued:—

1. Proceedings of the Twenty-third Annual Meeting of the Inter-University Board of India.

2. Annual Report of the Inter-University Board for the year 1947-48.

3. Handbook of Indian Universities, 1946 edition, printed during the year.

V

ELECTIONS.

At the Annual Meeting at Madras, a new constitution of the Standing Committee was framed by which it became

the Executive Body of the Inter-University Board. The Constitution of the Standing Committee is as follows:—

1. The standing Committee shall be the Executive Body of the Inter-University Board.

2. The Committee shall be composed of five members besides the President of the Inter-University Board for the year, who shall be Ex-Officio a member of the Standing Committee.

3. The members shall be elected for a period of two years.

4. The Standing Committee shall elect a Chairman, who will hold office for a period of two years.

5. Each member of the Standing Committee will continue to be a member thereof so long as he continues to be a representative of his University on the Board, subject to a term of two years.

6. The Standing Committee shall ordinarily meet at least twice a year. The second meeting should be immediately preceding the annual meeting of the Inter-University Board.

7. The Standing Committee shall be responsible for preparing the agenda and may submit to the Inter-University Board draft resolutions on the subjects referred to the Board.

8. The Standing Committee shall be responsible for convening meetings of Sub-Committees that may be appointed by the Inter-University Board, for attending to all communications referred to the Inter-University Board during the year by the Central or Provincial Governments or other authorities, and shall also consider communications received from different Universities on important matters pertaining to University administration

9. The Standing Committee shall, through the Secretary, revise the Handbook of the Inter University Board every year and keep it up-to-date.

10. The Secretary will communicate to the Universities the resolutions passed by the Inter-University Board and may on the advice of the Standing Committee seek further information from the Universities concerned on any subject referred to them.

11 The Standing Committee shall scrutinise the items of income and expenditure at their statutory meeting and shall be responsible for the submission of the budget for the Inter-University Board. A statement of the finance will be audited by auditors appointed at meetings of the Inter-University Board and the audit report with a report of the Standing Committee for the year shall be presented to the Inter-University Board at its annual meeting.

12 The Standing Committee shall frame such bye-laws as it may deem necessary for regulating the procedure of the office and for conducting its own proceedings.

The following persons were elected members of the Standing Committee for a period of two years:

1. Sir A. L. Mudaliar, M.D., LL.D., D.C.L., D.SC., F.R.C.O.G., F.A.C.S., Vice-Chancellor, Madras University.
2. Sir C. P. N. Singh, C. I. E., M. A. Vice-Chancellor, Patna University.
3. Prof. P. N. Banerjee, M. A., B. L., Bar-at-law, Calcutta University.
4. Dr. Zakir Hussain, M. A., PH. D., Vice-Chancellor, Aligarh University.
5. Sri C. M. Acharyya, M. A., B. L., Vice-Chancellor, Utkal University.

Dr. Parija, O. B. E., D. SC., I. E. S. (Retd), Pro-Vice-Chancellor of Banaras Hindu University was nominated a representative of the Board to the Advisory Council of the Indian School of Mines and Applied Geology, Dhanbad, in the Ministry of Works, Mines and Power.

Dr. D. R. Bhattacharya, PH. D., (Dublin), D. SC. (Paris), Vice-Chancellor of Allahabad University was nominated a

representative (Zoologist) of the Indian Universities to the proposed Advisory Council for Fisheries in the Ministry of Agriculture.

Pandit Govind Malaviya, M. A., LL. B., M. C. A., Vice-Chancellor of Banaras Hindu University, was elected a representative of the Inter-University Board on the Advisory Council of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research for three years from 1st February, 1949.

The following five representatives of the Universities were elected to the Eighth Meeting of the Crops and Soils Wing of the Board of Agriculture and Animal Hushandry in India :

1. Prof. V. L. Sethi, Dean of the Faculty of Agriculture of Agra University, Agricultural College, Kanpur.
2. Mr. L. S. S. Kumar, Principal, Agricultural College, Poona.
3. Dr. P. K. Sen, Professor of Agriculture, Calcutta University.
4. Dr. T S. Sadasivan, Professor of Botany, Madras University.
5. Dr. J. C. Luthra, Principal, Agricultural College, Banaras.

Dr. G. S. Mahajani, M. A., PH. D., Vice-Chancellor, Rajputana University, was elected a representative of the Inter-University Board on the Board of Governors of the Doon School for a period of five years from 1st June, 1949.

Pandit Govind Malaviya, M. A., LL. B., M. C. A., Vice-Chancellor, Banaras Hindu University was elected a representative of the Inter-University Board to the All India Council of Technical Education in place of Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukerjee.

Dewan Anand Kumar, M. A. (Cantab), Dean of University Instruction, East Punjab University, Solan, Dr P. C. Sarbadhikari, D. SC. (Lond), Ghose Professor of Botany, University of Calcutta, and Dr. P. Misra, M. SC. (Cal). PH. D., (Leeds), Principal, Sambalpur College, Utkal University,

were nominated representatives of the Inter-University Board on a panel of three eminent scientists for the Standing Finance Committee of the Board of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry in India, for a period of one year from 1st September, 1949.

The following persons were elected to the various bodies mentioned below in place of (a) Mr. Ruthnaswamy and (b) Dr. P. Parija for the residue of their term, as they ceased to be members of the Inter-University Board :—

(a) (1)	Central Advisory Board of Education upto 30-9-1950.	Prof. P. N. Banerjee,
(2)	Advisory Board of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research upto 20-2-1950.	Pandit K. L. Dubey.
(3)	Central Advisory Board of Archaeology upto 28-2-1951	Sri C M. Acharyya.
(4)	Central Employment Advisory Committee.	Sri N. P. Asthana.
(b) (1)	Central Advisory Board of Forest Utilization upto 30-6-1951	Dr. G. S Mahajani.
(2)	Geological Education Committee	Mahamahopadhyaya P. V. Kane.
(3)	Advisory Council of the Indian School of Mines and Applied Geology, Dhanbad, (for the residue of the period of 3 years from 1-7-1948	Sri C. M. Acharyya.

Professor N. K. Sidhanta, M. A. (Cantab) of the University of Lucknow and Mr. S. Mathai, M. A. (Oxon), Secretary, Inter-University Board, were nominated to represent the Inter-University Board at the Educational Sub-Commission of the Indian National Commission for co-operation with UNESCO.

Sir A. L. Mudaliar, M. D., LL. D., D. C. L., D. SC., F. R. C. O. G., F. A. C. S., Vice-Chancellor, University of Madras and Prof. P. N. Banerji, M. A., B. L., Bar-at-Law, University of

Calcutta, were nominated to represent the Inter-University Board at the Conference of the Universities of the British Commonwealth at Halifax, Canada, in June, 1949.

VI

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The Government of India grant for the previous year 1947-48 amounting to Rs. 6,300/- which was not paid by the Imperial Bank of India, New Delhi, owing to delay by the Central Revenues Office, was received during the year under report.

Resolution No. XLI of the Inter-University Board adopted at their meeting held at the Utkal University, Cuttack, in December, 1947, was communicated to the Government of India requesting them for a special grant of Rs 10,000/- for holding the sixth quinquennial Conference of Indian Universities at Madras in December, 1948. But, the Government of India did not see their way to sanction the grant. The Board had, therefore, to meet this expenditure of Rs 14, 094/11/- from their general funds, and this has put a great strain on the finances of the Board.

The Board submitted its budget estimate for the year to the Government of India, showing Rs 22,350/- as Income and Rs. 68,699/3/- as expenditure, and requested them to sanction a grant sufficient to balance the budget, but it is regretted to state that they sanctioned Rs. 20, 000/- only. As this could be collected only on the 25th of March, 1949, the Board had to curtail its expenditure for the year on various heads of the budget including establishment, causing great inconvenience to the functioning of the Office of the Board.

The audit of accounts of the Board for the year was conducted by Messrs. B. Roy Malhotra & Co., Incorporated and Registered Accountants, Kashmere Gate, Delhi, and the accounts were certified as correct. The Statement of Budget appropriation and revenue receipts for the year as audited by them is printed as Appendix: H.

With a view to improving the financial resources of the Board and making it more self-reliant, the Board resolved at their twentyfourth Annual Meeting held at Madras University in December, 1948, that the Universities be requested to increase their contributions somewhat on the following scales and that the Government of India be requested to give a statutory grant to cover the deficits in the Board's budget.

1.	Universities with a strength of 10,000 and above in Degree classes.	Rs. 2,000 per year
2.	Universities with a strength of 5,000 and above but less than 10,000.	Rs. 1,500 „ „
3.	All other Universities.	Rs. 1,000 „ „

VII

INTER-UNIVERSITY SPORTS.

The Ninth Annual Meeting of the Inter-University Sports Board was held at the University of Madras on the 28th of March, 1949, in which the representatives of 14 Universities and the All India Hockey Federation participated. The Proceedings of the meeting will be found in Appendix (I,i). The reports of the Secretary and of the Organisers of the Zonal and Inter-Zonal Tournaments are given in Appendices (I ii & iii.)

Action on the resolutions of the Sports Board has been taken. A committee with Prof. S Mathai, Secretary of the Inter-University Board, as convener, and the representatives of Aligarh, Delhi and East Punjab as members was appointed to revise the Rules Book of Inter-University Tournaments.

Correspondence is going on between the Chairman, Standing Committee, Inter-University Board, and the Inter-University Board, Pakistan, for the return of Trophies for Athletics, Hockey, Swimming and Tennis which belong to the Inter-University Board, India, but are at present held by the Punjab University, Lahore.

The Bangalore Blues Football Club, Bangalore, and the Universities of Patna and Madras have kindly donated trophies for Inter-University Tournaments in Basket ball, Wrestling and Boxing respectively. The University of Calcutta is expected to donate a trophy for Badminton.

The Sports Board emphasised that Universities must participate in as many events of Inter-University Sports as possible irrespective of their chances of success ; and suggested that Athletics and other sports must be encouraged among women students of Universities on an Inter-University basis.

The Sports Board resolved that the Committee stated above should prepare a form to be filled in by the organising Universities and sent to the Secretary, in which accurate records of the results of Inter-University Sports and Athletics might be preserved. It also suggested that uptodate information regarding Inter-University Sports and Tournaments should be included in the proposed Annual Bulletin of the Inter-University Board.

The Sports Board also resolved that the whole question of the method of selection of Inter-University Cricket and other teams, and for forming a panel of Umpires be examined and that for this purpose a Committee consisting of the representatives of Allahabad, Bombay, Calcutta Madras and Osmania Universities is appointed. The Secretary was requested to formulate proposals on the basis of suggestions received from the Universities.

The Sports Board was of opinion that achievements in Sports should have due recognition from the Public Service Commissions in the selection of candidates for such posts which required sportsmanlike qualities.

The Sports Board raised the annual subscription of the Univetsities from Rs. 200/- to Rs 250/- in view of the increased cost and incidental expenses of all sports events.

It is regretted that the Universities of Lucknow and Rangoon did not pay their subscriptions for the year under report.

VIII

CONCLUDING REMARKS.

The Board continued to function as an Inter-University Employment Bureau. Advertisements for vacancies received from different Universities of India and foreign countries, as also from the Government of India and the Federal and Provincial Public Service Commissions were circulated among the Universities.

The Board kept itself in touch with the various Ministries of the Government of India, the Indian Council of Agricultural Research and other bodies.

Enquiries from Students, Universities and the Ministries of the Government of India were duly attended to.

The Secretary feels obliged to report that the response from the Universities to enquiries and requests for information has not been as satisfactory as one could wish. There has hardly been a single instance in which replies were received from all the Universities to questions addressed to them. When replies came they usually came very late, often after several reminders; and frequently the replies were unhelpful, consisting of some cliche like "the matter is under consideration".

It is hoped that in future the response from the Universities will be more prompt and effective. Only thus can the work of the Inter-University Board become most useful to the Universities and to the Nation.

For all the courtesy and co-operation received from the Universities and the Governments the Board places on record its grateful appreciation.

The Board finds itself in the same position as before in the matter of the accommodation of its office and staff. The Office is housed in a couple of rooms of the Bungalow owned by Sir Gokul Chand Narang, at 10-A Cavalry Lines. Being part of a private residence these rooms are most

unsuitable for office purposes. No residential accommodation for the Secretary and the Staff could be arranged ever since the office came to Delhi and this has caused very great hardship to them. It is regretted that the Government of India could not help us in this matter. All efforts through other channels have failed to solve this acute problem.

APPENDIX A.

Inclusion of subjects like industrial relations in the syllabus for degree courses.

Resolution No. IV of Cuttack meeting (1947).

"Resolved that the Inter-University Board recommends to all Universities the inclusion of these subjects in one or other of the degree courses."

Summary of replies received.

1. ALIGARH—The inclusion of the subjects like industrial relations in the syllabuses for degree courses is not practicable.

2. ANDHRA—This subject is included for B. A. Hons. (Economics) degree course and it is a compulsory subject. It is also included in the B. A. (Economics) as an optional subject. The University is of opinion that the existing courses need not be altered.

3. ANNAMALAI—Subjects like industrial relations are already in the syllabus for degree courses in Economics.

4. BOMBAY—Industrial relations is included under the head "Economics" for the B. A. Course in this University. It also forms a special paper at the M. A. examination, Group E. in Economics.

5. CEYLON—This University is not yet in a position to introduce industrial relations into its curriculum.

6. DELHI—We have included this in the M. A. optional group as 'Labour Economics' which consists of 3 papers; but it is not possible to offer instruction in the same on account of want of staff.

7. NAGPUR—This is already included in the Economics syllabuses for the B. A. and M. A. examinations of the University.

8. RAJPUTANA—Under consideration.

9. OSMANIA—This subject is already included in the courses in this University.

APPENDIX B.

Inclusion of 'Cost-Accounting' as an optional subject in B. A. and B. Com. examinations of Indian Universities.

Resolution No. V (1) of Cuttack meeting (1947).

"Resolved that it be forwarded to the various Universities with the recommendation that the subject be included as an optional subject in a degree course."

Summary of replies received.

1. ALIGARH—Cost-Accounting is already included in the B. Com. papers of Advanced Accounts. It should not be included as an optional subject in the B. A. Examination.

2. ANDHRA—It is already included in the course for the B. Com. (Hons.) and M. Com. degree examinations.

3. ANNAMALAI—There is no Commerce degree in this University.

4. BOMBAY—Cost-Accounting is a subject taught for the B. Com. examination of this University. As the Commerce Course is a separate and specialised course in this University extending over four years, and as the courses of study for the B. A. Examination are cultural and not vocational subjects, the subjects of Cost-Accounting cannot well be included in the course for the B. A. Examination.

5. CALCUTTA—It has already been included in the syllabus of studies for the B. Com.

6. CEYLON—This University is not yet in a position to introduce this to its curriculum.

7. DELHI—'Cost-Accounting' is a part of the optional group in 'Accountancy' for the B. A. Com. Hons. but there is no objection to giving it more specific mention in the syllabus.

8. NAGPUR—Under consideration.

9. OSMANIA—Agreed.

10. RAJPUTANA—Cost-Accounting is already a part of the course prescribed in Advanced Accountancy and Auditing for the B. Com. Examination.

11. UTKAL—Cost-Accounting is already an optional subject for B. Com. of this University.

APPENDIX C.

Encouraging University students to undertake various forms of Social Service.

Resolution No. V (3) of Cuttack meeting (1947).

"Resolved that the Board recommends to the Universities to encourage Social Service by University students on a voluntary basis and with a view to organising such services in an efficient manner, the Board is of opinion that the necessary finances be provided by the Central and Provincial Governments."

Summary of replies received.

1. ALLAHABAD—The University already provides for a diploma course in Social Service and Village up-lift. The question of making it an optional subject for a degree course has been referred to the Faculty of Arts for consideration. The University generally agrees with the recommendation of the Board.

2. ANDHRA—If the Central or Provincial Government is prepared to provide the necessary funds, the University will take steps to encourage Social Service on a voluntary basis during long vacations.

3. ANNAMALAI—There has been in existence a Social Service League in the University of which some of the students are members. They have organised a night school for the benefit of the labourers and their children in the University campus.

4. BOMBAY—Under consideration.

5. CEYLON—Encouragement is already given.

6. DELHI—The University has under active consideration the introduction of a post-graduate degree course in Social Service and it is hoped that the Delhi School of Social Work which has under taken to run the post-graduate course in Social Work will soon be affiliated to the University.

7. MADRAS—The University is in favour of the proposal and has already circularised the Principals of Colleges in this direction.

8. NAGPUR—Under consideration.

9. OSMANIA—Noted. Social Service requires a background of study and technique of the particular kind of service required.

10. RAJPUTANA—Under consideration.

APPENDIX D.

Position of All-India Diplomas and Certificates instituted by the All-India Council for Technical Education vis a vis University Degrees in Engineering and Technology.

Resolution No. VIII of Cuttack meeting (1947).

"Resolved that different Universities having Engineering Faculties be requested to consider the syllabus and scope of examination etc. of the proposed Diploma Course in Engineering. Resolved further that on receipt of the opinions from the Engineering Faculties of the Universities, the Standing Committee of the Board be authorised to consider the suitability of recognition of the said Diploma Course, and for this purpose the Committee be further authorised to co-opt members, if necessary, for taking technical advice."

Summary of replies received.

1. ALIGARH—Referred to the Dean, Faculty of Engineering and Technology.

2. ANDHRA—Note attached.

3. ANNAMALAI—Under consideration of the Faculty of Engineering.

4. BOMBAY—Under consideration.

5. CALCUTTA—Referred to the Faculty of Engineering.

6. MADRAS—Uunder consideration of the Board of studies in Engineering.

7. MYSORE—There is a Board of Studies in Engineering and Technology in the University which will collaborate with the Committee of the All-India Council for Technical Education.

8. NAGPUR—The University will shortly appoint a Committee to consider and report on the subject.

9. OSMANIA—Note attached.

10. RAJPUTANA—Note attached.

Note by the Andhra University.

The University is in entire agreement with the proposal of the co-ordinating Committee of the All-India Council for Technical Education for appointing a Joint Committee of the Inter-University Board and the Council of the All-India Council for Technical Education, to review the position of Technical Education in the country, and laying down general principles in regard to the higher Technical Education. As it is, the standard of Degree examinations in the various Universities varies considerably in regard to the duration of the courses, scale of staff and equipment. In the opinion of the University, uniformity in these matters will go a long way in improving the efficiency of instruction and lead to economy.

Another point which the Committee could discuss is the allocation of several specialised courses such as Naval Architecture, Aeronautics, Soil Mechanics etc. to different Engineering Colleges on All India basis. It will thus be possible to avoid duplication of courses resulting in over-production of personnel in certain areas, and under-production in others. For instance, at the present time, the requirements of Naval Architecture are not such as to justify its introduction in more than one Institution and so on.

Regarding the curricula of the All India Diploma in Enginnering, given in Appendix B, the University is of the opinion that they could be modified in several respects so as to be upto the standard of Degree Examination. The University does not propose to go into details as this will have to be done by the Committee which is proposed to be formed.

Note by Osmania University.

The syllabi of the All-India Diploma in Engineering are more or less the same as those of Bachelor's degree courses of the Indian Universities. It is not known what minimum qualifications are required for admission to the Diploma courses. However, on going through the syllabi it is presumed that only such candidates who have passed the Intermediate Science Examination can satisfactorily follow and digest the diploma courses. On this presumption, the Universities should have no objection to the migration of students to and from such Technical Institutions. Further, such Institutions may get themselves affiliated to Universities thereby entitling their students to degrees as well diplomas.

A co-ordination Committee of the All-India Council for Technical Education and Inter-University Board may be appointed early to review Technical Education in the Universities.

Note by the Rajputana University.

1. The introduction of All-India Diploma courses in Engineering and the institution of National Certificates or All India Diplomas is a most essential and urgent matter. This will ensure a uniform standard of instruction and training over the entire country.

2. The Central Government's proposals to start four Higher Technical Institutes in India is also a most welcome move to further the cause of Technical education. Each of these institutions, it has been announced, will train about 3000 students each, and will involve a capital of expenditure of three crores of rupees each.

3. While the above two proposals are most welcome, it is most important to consider the scheme very carefully in all aspects, particularly as the amount of money to be spent is a very large sum. Since the proposals are sponsored by the Central Government they have a direct bearing on, and will affect and influence the Technical education given by the Universities in their Engineering Colleges.

4. There are three main categories of personnel in Engineering who require technical training :—

(a) Skilled workers –Artisans—mechanics, fitters, electricians, etc., who should be trained in technical schools after receiving general education up to the middle school standard.

(b) Supervisory staff—chargemen, foremen, supervisors and superintendents of works etc., who should be traind after a general education up to the High School standard. This category should be trained in and given the National Certificate proposed by the All-India Council of Technical Education.

(c) Executive and Directional staff - Asstt. Engineers, Executive and Superintending Engineers. Designers and Research Workers, Managers, Directors and Administrators. This category should be trained in Engineering Colleges of the Universities and Higher Post-graduate and Research institutions.

5. There should not be overlapping in the fields of training. National Certificate holders should be confined to category (b) and University Degree holders to category (c). There should be a clear cut demarcation between the training of the two categories—and the courses of training should each have the necessary bias viz : a high degree of practical skill and detailed knowledge of work by category (b), and a high degree of designing, directional, executive, and administrative knowledge by category (c).

6. All advanced design and research work should be left to the University institutes; there should be no attempt to cover or copy the same standards by the Higher Technical Institutes.

7. It should be open for the best among the National Diploma holders to take a special short-term course and qualify themselves for the University degree. Similarly, students in Engineering Colleges—who fail to reach the required academic standard, should be sent to the Higher Technical Institutions and qualify for the National Diploma.

8. The syllabus for the All India Diploma courses as proposed, is more theoretical than practical. The training should have a clear practical

bias—with a reduced theoretical syllabus and less number of theoretical subjects. The ratio of time spent for theoretical and practical work should be 1:2.

9. The establishment of very large Technical Institutions—with 3000 students each—as proposed, is not altogether desirable. There will be practical difficulties from instructional, administrative, and disciplinary points of view. It is preferable to have three institutions of 1000 each in three different places, than one institution of 3000 students in one place.

10. The proposed institutes should not concentrate too many courses in one institution. It will be preferable to specialize in different branches in different institutions.

11. The capital cost of the proposed institutions and even the recurring expenditure are huge sums. The existing Engineering Colleges and Post-graduate institutions require financial help and strengthening. It would be, therefore, preferable to enlarge, expand, retool and modernise existing engineering colleges to whom should be left the work of instruction at higher levels. I would suggest that each one of the Higher Technical Institutions proposed should not cost more than one crore of rupees—and the balance of two crores be distributed to engineering colleges in the area proposed to be served by the Higher Technical Institution.

12. To sum up :—

(a) The proposed National Diploma courses should not encroach upon and copy the existing University Degree courses.

(b) The proposed Higher Technical Institutions should limit their aim to train Diploma holders for highly skilled personnel and supervising staff.

(c) The University engineering colleges should train the Top men required in engineering.

(d) The proposed expenditure in Higher Technical Institutions should be split up and a proportionate amount should be spent in improving the existing engineering colleges.

(e) The Higher Technical Institutions should create a 'flow' of their best products into engineering colleges, for a short term degrees, and to give opportunities to them for specialisation and research work.

I entirely agree that there should be a co-ordinating Committee between the Inter-University Board and the All-India Council of Technical Education, and this Committee should be set up as early as possible.

Dean of the Faculty of Engineering,
University of Rajputana.

APPENDIX E.

Recognition of Ceylon Government Senior School Certificate as equivalent to Matriculation of Indian and Pakistan Universities.

Resolution No. XVI (a) of Cuttack meeting (1947)

"Resolved that candidates who pass in 6 subjects of this examination and obtain credit in any 4 of them be admitted to the Junior Intermediate class."

Summary of replies received.

1. AGRA—The Agra University is concerned with degree and Post-graduate examinations only.

2. ALLAHABAD—The Matriculation examination is not conducted by the University.

3. ANDHRA —The question of recognising the Ceylon Government Senior School Certificate Examination will be considered on receipt of formal application from the Ceylon Government authorities.

4. ANNAMALAI—The University will be prepared to consider the recognition of Ceylon S. S. C. Examination if the Matriculates or S. L. C. holders declared eligible are admitted to the Ceylon University Course without any special examination.

5. BOMBAY—The question of recognising the Ceylon Government's Senior Certificate Examination as equivalent to the Entrance Examination of this University can only be taken up after the formal application from the Ceylon Government is received.

6. DELHI—Under consideration.

7. EAST PANJAB—Agrees.

8. MADRAS—The University admits a holder of such Certificates if he has passed the examination with 4 credits and 6 passes.

9. NAGPUR—Under consideration.

10, OSMANIA—This examination may be recognised as equivalent to the Matriculation Examination for purpose of admission to the first year of the University.

11. RAJPUTANA—Under consideration.

12. TRAVANCORE—Agrees.

APPENDIX F.

Allowance of one year of the Intermediate course to students obtaining Higher School Certificate of Ceylon Government

Resolution No. XVI (b) of Cuttack meeting (1947)

"Resolved that the opinion of the Universities be invited on the subject."

Summary of replies received.

1. AGRA—The Agra University conducts only degree and post-graduate examinations and therefore, it is not concerned with the proposal.

2. ALIGARH—The University approves the request of the Ceylon Government.

3. ALLAHABAD—The University does not conduct Intermediate examination.

4. ANDHRA—The University is of opinion that the allowance of one year of the Intermediate Course to the students who have obtained the Higher School Certificate of the Ceylon Government is not desirable, as such a concession is not shown in the case of Oxford and Cambridge Certificate holders.

5. ANNAMALAI—The H. S. C. Examination of Ceylon is at present recognised as equivalent to the Matriculation examination qualifying for admission to the Intermediate course of study. Exemption for a year of the Intermediate course, as suggested, may not be possible as examinations of other Universities and recognised bodies cannot be equated to part of a course of study, but only to examinations at the end of a course of study for purposes of admission to a higher course in this University.

6. BOMBAY—Does not agree.

7. DELHI—Under consideration.

8. EAST PANJAB—Students who have obtained the Higher School Certificates of the Ceylon Government be allowed to join the Second Year class.

9. MADRAS—It is not possible to exempt from a portion of the course as the Intermediate Syllabus is based on two years course of instruction.

10. MYSORE—Under the Laws of this University, the Public Examination of other Indian Universities are generally recognised as equivalent to the corresponding examinations of this University. Under the existing Ordinances of the University no student is permitted to join the University except in the junior class of the course (Intermediate or Degree).

11. NAGPUR—Under consideration.

12. OSMANIA—The syllabuses of the H. S. C. University Entrance Examination and Senior School Certificate Examination of the Ceylon University be asked for.

13. RAJPUTANA—Under consideration.

14. TRAVANCORE—Agrees.

APPENDIX G.

Introduction of compulsory test for Physical fitness at the Matriculation stage of all Indian Universities.

Resolution No. XXI of the Cuttack meeting (1947).

"Resolved that the scheme formulated by the Utkal University be circulated to all the Universities for their opinion."

Summary of replies received.

1. AGRA—The Agra University conducts only degree and post-graduate examinations and therefore it is not concerned with the proposal.

2. ALIGARH—The University is against introducing a compulsory test for Physical fitness but is of opinion that better arrangements for physical development and medical tests and advice in Schools, Colleges and Universities should be made.

3. ALLAHABAD—This University does not conduct Matriculation examination.

4. ANDHRA—The question of introducing a compulsory test for physical fitness at the Matriculation stage can be taken up only if a similar provision is made in the S. S. L. C. Scheme which is not under the control of the University but under the Government.

5. ANNAMALAI—While recognising the importance of Physical Education in all stages of education, the University is not at present

prepared to introduce a Compulsory Test in Physical Education as an integral part of its examinations.

6. BOMBAY—Since the Matriculation examination is not to be held by the Bombay University from 1949, the question of introducing Compulsory Test for Physical fitness at the Matriculation stage cannot be taken up for consideration.

7. CEYLON—This University does not hold Matriculation Examination. All students accepted for admission are required to undergo a medical examination.

8. DELHI—Does not concern this University.

9. MADRAS—It is most desirable to have this test at the school stage and to record in a better form in the S. S. L. C. Register. This should not, however, be considered for admission to college course.

10. MYSORE—This does not appear to be practicable in the existing conditions.

11. NAGPUR—Under consideration.

12. OSMANIA—Agreed, but this University does not conduct the Matriculation Examination.

13. RAJPUTANA—This University does not think it necessary to make Physical Education as a subject of examination as envisaged in the Utkal University proposal and that 75 per cent attendance, already required by the University to be put in Physical training. *i. e.*, as much as an academic subjects should suffice.

14. SAUGAR—This University fully endorses the scheme formulated by the Utkal University.

APPENDIX H.

STATEMENT 'A'

The Inter-University Board of India, Delhi.

Statement of Revenue Receipts for the year ended 31-3-1949.

S. No.	Budget Head	Revised Budget Provision.	Actual Collections.
1.	Contribution from the Constituent Universities	22,000 0 0	22,000 0 0

2.	Contribution from the Government of India ...				26,300	0 0
3.	Sale of Publications	150	0	0	284	5 0
4.	Interest on Fixed Deposits	200	0	0	204	11 0
5.	Inter-University Sports Fund				4,600	0 0
	Grand Total	22,350	0	0	53,389	0 0

Statement of Liquid Assets as on 31st March, 1949.

General Balance as on 1-4-1948.

Balance with Imperial Bank of India, Delhi (in current account).			20,614 12 6
Balance with Imperial Bank of India, Delhi (in Fixed Deposit Account).			13,679 0 0
Imprest with Secretary ...			6 13 3
			34,300 9 9
Add Revenue Receipts for the period ended 31st March, 1949, as per statement 'A' annexed			53,846 9 0
			88,147 2 9
Less expenditure as per statement 'B' annexed			53,597 15 3
Cash General Balances as on 31-3-1949. Total Rs.			34,549 3 6

These were held as follows:—

Staff Advance ...			4,000 0 0
Salaries paid in advance			1,769 6 3
With Imperial Bank of India, Delhi. (in current account)			14,896 15 3
With Imperial Bank of India, Delhi (in Fixed Deposit account)			13,883 0 0
Imprest with the Secretary			81 7 0
			34'630 12 6
Less undisbursed T. A. Bill			81 9 0
Total Rs.			34,549 3 6

Examined and found correct.

Sd/ Roy Malhotra & Co.,
Incorporated Accountants (London)
Registered Accountants,
Kashmere Gate, 12-5-1949.

STATEMENT 'B'

The Inter-University Board of India, Delhi.

Statement of Budget Appropriation for the year ended 31-3-1949

S. No.	Budget Head.	Revised Budget Provision.	Actual Expenditure.
1.	Salaries paid to staff.	20,694 0 0	19,884 1 0
2.	House Rent	3,000 0 0	1,800 0 0
3.	Travelling Allowance to the members of the Board	12,500 0 0	5,448 15 0
4.	Travelling Allowance to Delegates.	19,000 0 0	14,094 11 0
5.	Travelling Allowance to Staff	2,000 0 0	2,796 10 0
6.	Contingencies including Postage etc.	3,000 0 0	1,522 6 9
7.	Printing Annual Report, Agenda etc.	3,000 0 0	3,172 10 0
8.	Inter-University Sports		3,428 7 6
9.	Printing of Hand book	4,000 0 0	
10.	Provident Fund	1,305 3 0	967 13 0
11.	Miscellaneous expenses	200 0 0	24 12 0
	Total Rs.	68,699 3 0	53,140 6 3

Provident Fund Account.

Members	Credit Balance.		Investments.	
Prof. S. Mathai	1,377 11 9			
Sri T. Mitra	521 14 3		With Imperial Bank of India (Savings Bank Account)	1,939 0 0
Sri K. Siva Ram	39 6 0			
Total Rs.	1,939 0 0		Total Rs.	1,939 0 0

Examined and found correct.

Sd/ Roy Malhotra & Co.

Incorporated Accountants (London)

Registered Accountants.

Kashmere Gate, 12-5-1949.

APPENDIX I (i)

Inter-University Board, India.

10-A, Cavalry Lines, Delhi-2.

Proceedings of the Ninth meeting of the Inter-University Sports Board held at the University Buildings, Chepauk, Madras, on Monday the 28th March, 1949, at 11a.m.

Present :—

Sir A. L. Mudaliar, Chairman.	
Sri B. V. Patankar	(Mysore University)
Sri S. K. Ghose	(Patna University)
Sri S. N. Banerjee	(Calcutta University)
Sri A. G. Kanakarajan	(Madras University)
S. Habibullah Hussaini	(Osmania University)
Sri L. K. Govindarajulu	(Annamalai University)
Syed Mahammad Husain	(Aligarh University)
Sri B. L. Gupta	(East Panjab University & Indian Hockey Federation)
Sri J. F. Gimi	(Nagpur University)
Sri F. P. Suares	(Bombay University)
Sri M. L. Sharma	(Rajputana University)
Sri S. K. Rudra	(Allahabad University)
Sri P. I. Alexander	(Travancore University)
G. Brant Little, Esq.,	(Ceylon University)
Prof. S. Mathai	(Secretary)

The Chairman referred to the death of Her Excellency Srimathi Sarojini Naidu, and a resolution of condolence was passed with all members standing.

2. Minutes of the last meeting held on the 22nd March 1948, which had been circulated were approved.

3. Arising from the minutes, the Secretary referred to the failure of Mr. Sultan of Lucknow University to revise the *Rules Book*, as agreed at the last meeting of the Sports Board ; and the following Committee was appointed to revise the *Rules Book*.

Prof. S. Mathai
The Sports representatives of the Universities of East Panjab, Delhi and Aligarh.

4. The Chairman reported the steps that had been taken to get back from the Punjab University (Pakistan) the Sports trophies that are now in their possession.

He also stated that for the four events for which trophies did not exist, a trophy for basket ball had been received from the Bangalore Blues Football Club, and that for Boxing, Wrestling and Badminton, the Universities of Madras, Patna and Calcutta had agreed to provide trophies.

Resolved that the statement be recorded, and that the donors be thanked on behalf of the Board.

5. Considered the report of the Secretary on the Inter-University tournaments for the year 1948-49.

RESOLVED that the report be adopted.

6. The reports of the Organizers of the Inter-University tournaments in the various sports were adopted.

7. Considered the arrangements for the Zonal and inter-zonal Inter-University tournaments for the next year 1949-50 :

The following allocations of responsibility were made for running the zonal and inter-zonal tournaments in 1949-50 :

Tournaments.	North Zone.	South Zone.	Finals.
1. Athletics.	...	...	Ceylon.
2. Swimming.	...	...	Bombay.
3. Football.	Patna.	Madras.	Madras.
4. Hockey.	Allahabad.	Osmania.	Allahabad.
5. Cricket.	Aligarh.	Annamalai.	Aligarh.
6. Tennis.	Calcutta.	Travancore.	Travancore.
7. Wrestling.	...	...	Mysore.
8. Basket Ball.	Allahabad.	Travancore.	Allahabad.
9. Badminton.	Calcutta.	Mysore.	Calcutta.
10. Boxing.	...	...	Madras.

It was resolved that each University agreeing to organize a tournament must satisfy the Board that it has the necessary equipment of a standard character for the purpose.

RESOLVED that in badminton, the game be played with shuttlecocks and not with woollen balls.

RESOLVED also that a minimum of three teams shall be necessary for a zonal tournament if organised. Where at least three teams are not forthcoming in a Zone for any event, the Secretary in consultation with the Chairman shall make the necessary arrangements for the method of participation in the final tournament.

8. Considered the proposals from the Universities, and the following resolutions were adopted :—

(i) *Railway concessions for Sports teams*—RESOLVED that the Railway Authorities be requested through the Ministry of Education to grant railway concessions to Sports teams of not fewer than 4 and not more than 30 persons including managers and servants.

(ii) RESOLVED that the proposal of the Bombay University to delete Hammer throw from the list of events in the Inter-University Athletic Championship be not approved.

(iii) The Board is strongly of opinion that Universities must participate in Inter-University Sports in as many events as possible irrespective of their chances of success and for this purpose particularly appeals to the Vice-Chancellors of Universities to encourage teams to be sent.

(iv) It should be clearly understood that the University that is organizing the finals in Athletics should hold all the events sanctioned by the Sports Board so long as there are competitors for all these events.

RESOLVED that this be communicated to all the Universities.

(v) RESOLVED that the Inter-University Sports Board is of opinion that both Athletics and other Sports must be encouraged on an Inter-University basis among the women students of Universities and that for this purpose enquiries be made among all the Universities and their response reported to the Board.

(vi) The Board reiterates the rule that at east 10 days notice must be given by a University which wishes to withdraw any of its teams from a tournament for which it has entered.

RESOLVED that a University which breaks this rule shall be responsible for half the expenses of any other University team which may have been affected by the former's failure to observe the rule.

In this connection, the representative of the East Panjab University referred to the inconvenience caused to it by the failure of the Lucknow University to comply with the rule regarding withdrawal and resolution No. 13 of the 8th meeting of the Inter-University Sports Board and the Secretary was asked to write to the Lucknow University drawing its attention to the inconvenience caused to the East Panjab University.

(vii) With regard to the maintenance of accurate records of Inter-University Sports, it was resolved to ask the Secretary in consultation with the Committee appointed to revise the Rules book, to prepare a form to be filled in by organizing Universities and returned to the Secretary, in which accurate and detailed information of all Inter-University Sports and Athletics might be preserved.

(viii) Reference was made to the desirability of publishing an Inter-University Sports Journal. While this is not practicable at present the Inter-University Sports Board understands that a proposal is under contemplation for the starting of a Bulletin of the Inter-University Board, and suggests that a section of it may be devoted to the Sporting activities connected with the Inter-University Sports events.

(ix) RESOLVED that the whole question of the method of selection of Inter-University Cricket and other teams and of forming a panel of umpires for Inter-University Sports be examined, and that for this purpose a Committee consisting of the representatives of the Universities of Allahabad, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Osmania be appointed with power to co-opt two more people. In the first instance the Secretary would correspond with these members and formulate proposals.

(x) RESOLVED that it be a recommendation to the Universities that messing may be arranged for the visiting teams in the Students' mess as far as possible at minimum cost to the visiting teams.

(xi) RESOLVED that all tournaments should be completed before the 15th January, if possible, but not later than the 31st January in any case.

9. Other items.

(i) RESOLVED that the membership fee of Rs. 150/- per year demanded by the Board of Control for Cricket in India be paid annually.

(ii) RESOLVED that in view of the increased cost and incidental expenses of all sports events, this Board requests individual Universities to increase their contribution from Rs. 200/- to Rs. 250/- per annum.

(iii) RESOLVED that the Board is of opinion that due recognition should be given to the achievement of University students in the field of sports in the same manner as recognition is given to pure academic activities and that in the selection of candidates for posts in which it is most desirable that sportsmanlike qualities should be in evidence, such as executive posts in the Police, Excise for the time being, Forests, Railways and such other services, weightage should be given to candidates possessing brilliant records in the field of sports.

The Board recommends for sympathetic consideration the above suggestion to the Federal and Provincial Public Service Commissions.

With a vote of thanks to the Chairman, the meeting terminated.

S. Mathai
Secretary.

A. L. Mudaliar
Chairman

APPENDIX I (ii)

Inter-University Sports : 1948-49.

Report of the Secretary.

The Inter-University Sports Board at their Eighth Annual Meeting held at the University of Nagpur on 22nd March, 1948, introduced a new contest of Badminton in addition to the existing ones in Athletics, Basketball, Boxing, Cricket, Football, Hockey, Swimming, Tennis and Wrestling. The Sports Representatives and the Registrars of Universities were informed of the allocation of responsibility made by the Sports Board for the running of the ten tournaments mentioned above. Eleven Universities were entrusted with responsibility as follows :—

Tournaments.	*North Zone.*	*South Zone.*	*Finals.*
1. Athletics.	...	...	Lucknow.
2. Basket Ball.	...	...	Mysore.
3. Badminton.	Allahabad.	Bombay.	Bombay.
4. Boxing.	...	...	Nagpur.
5. Cricket.	Calcutta.	Ceylon.	Bombay.
6. Football.	Calcutta.	Nagpur.	Calcutta.
7. Hockey.	Aligarh.	Madras.	Aligarh.
8. Swimming.	...	...	Madras.
9. Tennis.	Patna.	Annamalai.	Annamalai.
10. Wrestling.	...	...	Lucknow.

Lucknow and Mysore did not respond until quite late in the season, but they too carried out their charges in the end.

Except for the change in date for the Athletic Meet and delayed tournaments in Badminton, Cricket and Wrestling, the tournaments were run according to schedule. It is regretted that the Inter-University Boxing Championship could not be held as sufficient entries were not received for this event. Except for a protest lodged by the Travancore Football team against the decision of the referee in their match against Bombay, (which was not upheld), the games were played smoothly and in a most friendly manner. The details of the tournaments will be found in the reports of the

Organisers. It is unfortunate that in spite of reminders, the reports of only 10 zonal and inter-zonal tournaments have been sent to me. I am not, therefore, in full possession of the details of all the tournaments. From the reports that are before me, it appears that 17 Universities participated in the various tournaments as against 15 last year.

The following are the results of the Championships :—

Athletics — Raja Sir Annamalai Chettiyar Athletic Shield, won by Bombay University.

Badminton — Bombay University.

Basket Ball — Madras University.

Cricket — Rohinton Baria Cricket Trophy, won by Bombay University.

Football — Sir Ashutosh Mukherjee Memorial Football Shield, won by Madras University.

Hockey — Jaffar Memorial Cup, won by the East Punjab University.

Swimming — Nawab Zaheer Yar Jung Bahadur Swimming Trophy, won by Bombay University.

Tennis — Maharaja Sree Vikrama Deo Varma Tennis Shield, won by Madras University.

Wrestling — Allahabad University.

On behalf of the Board it is my privilege to offer our heartiest congratulations to all the winners in general and the Universities of Bombay and Madras in particular who have the distinction of annexing four and three trophies respectively.

I am glad to report that the Bangalore Blues Football Club, Bangalore, have presented a Rolling Cup worth Rs. 2,000/- for Basketball, while the University of Madras has sanctioned a Cup worth the same amount for Boxing. The Vice-Chancellors of Calcutta and Patna have kindly offered to present similar Cups for Badminton and Wrestling on behalf of their Universities. I regret to mention here that the Inter-University Trophies for Athletics, Hockey, Swimming and Tennis have not yet been recovered from the Punjab University, Lahore. The matter is still under negotiation.

Resolution No. XII of the Sports Board adopted at the Nagpur mee-ting last year was communicated to the Secretary of the Board of Control for Cricket in India. The Cricket Board agreed to allot us a two-day match against the West Indies Touring team if we paid up the arrears of the affiliation fee. This was paid under instruction from the Chairman and a fixture was arranged between a Universities XI and the West Indies team

for the 19th and 20 October, 1948. Our side was selected by Prof. D.B. Deodhar, Mr. M. P. Major and Mr. M. Sultan. Our thanks are specially due to Prof. Deodhar and Mr. F. P. Suares (Secretary, Sports Board, Bombay University) who took great pains to select a good side. It is very gratifying to note that our players gave a very good account of themselves against the visiting team.

Of 23 Universities, the Universities of Andhra, Delhi, Lucknow, Rangoon and Travancore have not yet paid their annual subscription. It is hoped that these Universities will do so at an early date as their failure to pay is causing much inconvenience to the Board. In this connection it may be pointed out that the Inter-University Board resolved as follows at their last meeting in Madras in December, 1948.

> "Resolved that in view of the increased cost and the disirability of promoting annual sports, the Inter-University Board is of opinion that each constituent University, irrespective of whether it actually enters the Inter-University Sports or not, should contribute the annual sports subscription of Rs. 200/-."

May I also suggest the following for special attention of the Universities?

1. Response in time to avoid unnecessary correspondence by the office and inconvenience to the Universities which want to participate in the tournaments.

2. Strict adherence to the rules for the conduct of Inter-University Tournaments specially about the dates of tournaments and the withdrawal of teams. and

3. Observance of Eligibility Rules and submission of details of players in time.

Inter-University Sports can achieve their objects fully only if all the Universities participate in them. I need hardly say that Inter-University Sports provide one of the best ways of maintaining and increasing contacts among students and teachers from various parts of the country, and taken seriously, they will serve as a real educational factor in the lives of the participating students.

In the end, on behalf of the Board, I thank all the Organisers of the Inter-University Tournaments for the very able manner in which they conducted the tournaments and for the kind hospitality extended to the competing teams from the Universities.

Sd/ S. Mathai
Secretary.

APPENDIX I (iii)

Inter-University Foot-Ball Tournament, South Zone. 1948-49.

The matches in the Inter-University Foot-ball Tournament for the South Zone were played at Nagpur from the 19th September to the 25th September, 1948, on the C. P. & Berar Cricket Association Ground, Nagpur. In all, six teams participated. The following were the participating Universities viz., Bombay, Travancore, Utkal, Madras, Ceylon and Nagpur.

At one stage, the Ceylon University intimated their inability to play in the Tournament. In response, however, to a telegraphic request from me the Ceylon team very kindly reversed their decision and reached Nagpur by air on the 23rd September.

The first match in the Tournament was played between Bombay and Travancore on the 19th September, which ended in a draw, each side scoring two goals- This match was replayed on the 20th and Bombay won by 4 goals to nil. The Travancore University protested against a certain decision of the Referee, but the University Tournament Committee after considering the protest carefully, decided not to uphold it.

On the 21st, Nagpur beat Utkal by 2 goals to nil. On 22nd, Madras beat Bombay by 3 goals to nil.

The match between the Nagpur and Ceylon Universities, originally fixed on 23rd, was postponed to the 24th at the request of the Ceylon University. In this match Nagpur beat Ceylon by 5 goals to 1.

The South Zone finals were played between Madras and Nagpur on the 25th and the former University won the match by 3 goals to 1.

The Madras University, the winners of the South Zone proceeded to Calcutta to play the finals of the Tournament against the winners of the North Zone.

Sd./ M. P. Major.
Officer-in-Charge,
Physical Education,
Nagpur University.

Dated 26th October, 1948.

Inter-University Badminton Tournament
South Zone and Final, 1948-49.

The Bombay University was entrusted with the conduct of the South Zone and the Final of the Inter-Varsity Badminton Tournament which was held for the first time during the current year. Entries were

invited as early as the 25th June from Universities in the South Zone and reminders were sent in August and September to such Universities as had not replied. The only entries received were from Ceylon and Bombay and, about a month or so before the tournament, Ceylon backed out. Bombay thus qualified to meet Lucknow, the winners of the North Zone, in the Final which was staged on the Elphinstone College Court, Bombay, on the 7th and 8th January, 1949. The Tournament was conducted on the Davis Cup lines namely, 4 singles and 1 doubles. The Bombay University won the Championship by defeating the Lucknow University by 3 matches to 2.

Sd/ F. P. Suares,
Organising Secretary,
University of Bombay

Dated 14th February, 1949.

Inter-University Football Tournament
North Zone and Final, 1948-49.

The University of Calcutta undertook the responsibility of organising the North Zone and the Final of the Tournaments in Calcutta. The Universities of Aligarh, Patna, Lucknow, Banaras and Calcutta entered for the North Zone Tournament. Of these, Aligarh and Patna University sent in their entries later and the late fee of Rs. 25/- each from both the Universities were realised.

A fixture of the Tournment was drawn at a meeting of a Committee appointed by the Calcutta University Athletic Club to conduct this tournament and was circulated to contesting Universities. At the last moment Lucknow University sent in an intimation regretting their inability to participate in the tournament. The Aligarh Uuiversity also made a last moment request for postponement of their match to a later date which, however, could not be granted.

Patna University moved up to the Final of the North Zone Tournament without playing any game and the Banaras Hindu University beat Calcutta University by two goals to nil, and were beaten in the Final of the North Zone by Patna University, the scores being 5 goals to 2.

The Final match between Madras University, the winner of the south Zone and the Patna University was played on 29-9-48. The Madras University after a very bad start beat Patna University by 4 goals to 3.

Sir Asutosh Mookherjee Memorial Football Shield could not be awarded to the Madras University as it was not returned from Madras. Sir Sultan Ahmed Cup was awarded to Patna University as being

the winner of the North Zone Tournament. Certificates of honour were awarded to members of both the University Teams.

The matches were played either on Mohammedan Sporting Ground or on Mohanbagan Ground, and were supervised by members of the Calcutta Referees Association.

Sd./ Lt. D.K Chowdhury
Organiser,
All-India Inter-University Football
Tournament.

Dated 21st February, 1949.

Inter-University Tennis Tournament
North Zone, 1948-49.

The North Zone Inter-University Tennis Tournament was held at Patna from January 19th to January 25th: The participating Universities were Allahabad, Banaras, Aligarh and Patna. Lucknow University withdrew from the Tournament at the last moment on the ground of Jubilee celeberations although the dates had been slightly altered to accommodate it. The tournament was conducted successfully according to schedule. It would, however, have been more gratifying to me if the number of entries had been larger.

Aligarh reached the Zonal final by beating Allahabad 3-2. The other finalist was Patna, which defeated Banaras, 3-0. In the Zonal final Aligarh won against Patna after scoring 3-2.

Sd./ S. K. Ghose
Organiser,
Inter-University Tennis Tournament,
North Zone,

Dated 22nd February, 1949

Inter-University Tennis Tournament, South Zone, 1948-49.

Entries for the Tournament were received from the Annamalai, Ceylon, Osmania, Mysore, Nagpur, Madras and Travancore Universities for the South Zone section of the Tournament. The Draw was fixed by lots by a small Committee constituted by the University for the Tournament with Mr. L. K. Govindarajulu, the University representative on the Inter-University Sports Board, as Convener. The Draw was communicated to the different participating Universities by the middle of December, 1948, and the Patna University conducting the North Zone Section was also informed at the same time.

In accordance with the resolution of the Inter-University Sports Board arrived at its Nagpur meeting, the dates of the matches were fixed so as to start the Tournament on the 20th January, 1949, and finish it on the 31st January, 1949; but the final dates on which the All-India Finals should have been played were postponed by a day to the 31st January and 1st February, on account of the First Anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi's death. For this, the approval of the Board was taken; and Patna was duly informed.

The Ceylon University which sent an entry did not send its team; and the matches of the South Zone were otherwise played according to schedule on the University courts at Annamalainagar. The results of the matches played are as under, Madras winning the South Zone Finals against Travancore in the Final matches :

Top Round : Mysore beat Annamalai by 4 matches to 1
Travancore beat Osmania by 5 to Nil
Travancore beat Mysore by 5 to Nil

Bottom Round : Madras got a walk-over against Ceylon
Madras beat Nagpur by 5 to Nil

South Zone Finals : Madras beat Travancore by 4 to 1.

The All-India Finals could not be played under the following circumstances : Patna sent a telegram, one on the 26th January, to say that the Aligarh University had won the North Zone Finals and another—in response to an enquiry on the 29th January, 1949, to say that the Aligarh team had left Patna, programme being unknown. Till the 31st January, the Team had not reported Annamalainagar and so a telegram was sent to Aligarh to find out the cause ; and the Registrar of the University in reply telegraphed to say that the distance was too long, the interval too short, air-travel unbearable and that a common centre was desirable. But as these facts should have been well-known to the Universities participating in the events, any representation needed in this connection should have been made in time to the Board. The Madras team waited here till the 1st February and then left, pending a decision. That decision, circumstances would require, should be in favour of the award of the year's Championship in Tennis to Madras—which may be considered to have got a walk-over in the Finals against Aligarh. But I may report that Madras was willing to have the Finals played at Madras if the team did come ultimately. It is now for the orders of the Secretary of the Board what the decision should be and how that decision should be communicated.

Sd/ L. K. Govindarajulu
Director of Physical Education
Annamalai University.

Dated 24th February, 1949.

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Inter-University Cricket Tournament Final, 1948-49.

The Inter-University Sports Board entrusted the Bombay University with the conduct of the Final of the Inter-University Cricket Championship of India. Bombay University, by virtue of its victory over the Ceylon University in South Zone Final, have qualified to meet Calcutta University, the winners of the North Zone, in the Grand Final of the Tournament. The dates originally fixed for the Final were 10th January onwards, but Calcutta University intimated their inability to play on these dates and, owing to the Test Matches and the Ranji Trophy fixtures, the Tournament had to be postponed to the 21st February. Calcutta University, therefore, met Bombay at the Brabourne Stadium from the 21st February onwards. Bombay University won the Inter-University Cricket championship by an innings and 126 runs.

Sd./ F. P. Suares
Organising Secretary,
University of Bombay.

Dated 28th February, 1949.

Inter-University Cricket Tournament, North Zone, 1948-49.

The Inter-University Cricket Tournament (North Zone) was held in Calcutta during the period 13th December to 23rd December, 1948. Six Universities entered the Tournament. But Aligarh failed to make the trip and telegraphically regretted inability to participate in the tournament due to unavoidable circumstances.

All the matches were played in proper spirit and the Tournament concluded satisfactorily. The organising University had the satisfaction of obtaining the services of good umpires supplied by the Cricket Association of Bengal to which hearty thanks of the organisers are due.

The Final was played between Allahabad and Calcutta in which the latter won by an innings and 228 runs. It was a creditable performance on the part of the Home University in view of the fact that Allahabad had done very well in the previous two matches. The match between Banaras and Calcutta proved to be the most interesting in the series. Banaras had five Provincial players and one player in Om Prakash who had donned colours for the North Zone against West Indies. Calcutta won by 123 runs.

The conduct of the players of the contesting teams was all that could be desired both on and off the field. The Bengal Gymkhana Ground, Dalhousie-Rangers Ground and the Aryan Ground all in perfect conditions were available for the matches. The organising University has, therefore, the satisfaction of having been in a position to run the tournament as

satisfactorily as could be expected under the present circumstances in Calcutta.

Sd./ D. Chakravarti
Hony. Secretary, Calcutta Universit
Cricket and
Organiser (North Zone), Inter-
University Tournament.

Dated 21st February, 1949.

Inter-University Cricket Tournament, South Zone, 1948-49.

For the first time since her participation in the Inter-University Cricket Tournament for the Rohinton Baria Trophy, Ceylon came closest to making a bid for championship honours than ever before. But after registering convincing victories over both Annamalai and Nagpur the hopes of the Ceylon team were laid to earth, for Bombay who incidentally won the Trophy for the 6th successive year, made short shrift of Ceylon in the South Zone final, defeating them quite easily by an innings.

The first match against Annamalai University was played at Colombo and resulted in a win for the home team by an innings and 114 runs. The highlights of this game were the brilliant fielding of the Ceylon undergrads, which was chiefly responsible for the low totals of their opponents in both innings—123 and 81 and a typical skippers knock by Anton Perera whose 171 not out made in 5½ hours constitutes a new Inter-University record, in that he is the first batsman to open the innings and carry out his bat with a century to his credit. Another record was the last wicket partnership between the brothers Anton and Maurice Perera, who put on 76 runs. Mention should also be made of the Annamalai skipper, N. Krishnamurthi, who bore the brunt of the bowling and captured 6 for 89. Among the bowling successes on the Ceylon side, Maurice Perera (4 for 26) R. Weerakoon (3 for 42 & 4 for 29), S. M. Moujood (3 for 29) and T. L. Perera (4 for 10) were more than a match for the Annamalai batsmen.

Ceylon qualified to meet Nagpur University who had earlier accounted for Osmania in no uncertain fashion, after rattling up 538 runs. The match ended in a victory for the home team (the fixture was played at Colombo)) by 6 wickets. Nagpur made scores of 191 and 227 to which Ceylon replied with totals of 296 and 124 for 4 wickets. S. M. Moujood shone as an all-rounder in this game, and his bag of 10 for 89 in the match and a score of 26 not out—made when his side was in need of valuable runs—in no small measure contributed to his side's victory. C. D. L. Fernando (95) and S. J. Thambiah (78) partnered each other in a productive stand of 166 runs for the 4th wicket, the former aided by not a little luck in the course of his innings : his fielding, however, was a match-winning factor.

Nagpur were greatly indebted to their skipper G. D. Misra, who proved himself a fine all-rounder, scoring 56 and 43 in both innings, besides taking 4 for 63 in Ceylon's first innings. Narasimhan (63) played a

delightful innings when his team batted a second time. The Nagpur fielding, however, never at any stage impressed, and several catches were unaccountably dropped. Ceylon's 2nd innings was featured by a big opening partnership of 86 runs between T. L. Pereara (46) and Anton Perera (36) made in 50 minutes, which laid the foundation of victory well ahead of Lunch time on the third day.

The South Zone final between Ceylon and Bombay, who won through to the final on a first innings decision against Madras, was destined to be in the nature of an anti-climax for the local team as Ceylon ultimately succumbed in a very tame fashion. Totals of 148 and 90 by the Ceylon XI were by no means match winning, and Bombay's score of 264 was quite sufficient for an outright victory.

In Ceylon's first innings, only M. Wright (24) and Anton Perera (21) contributed respectable individual scores. The remaining batsmen could do nothing right against the well flighted spinners of S. P. Gupte, who captured 6 for 53. The hall-mark of class stamped Bombay's fielding in both innings. When Bombay batted, their pioneers, B. R. Irani (57) and P. G. Joshi (58) put on 102 runs for the 1st wicket before being seperated, but visions of a mammoth score failed to materialize and Bombay stood dismissed for 264 - incidentally their lowest score in this year's Tournament. This was chiefly the result of superb fielding by the Ceylon side, which gave nothing away. S. M. Moujood once again bowled well to take 4 for 46. Going in a second time, Ceylon were dismissed for only 90 runs. This time G. S. Ramchand, the Bombay opening bowler struck terror in the ranks of the Ceylon batsmen, and in a sustained spell of accurate and fiery bowling, returned the splendid analysis of 5 for 17, including the coveted hat-trick. Ramchand thus became the first individual to register such a feat in the Tournament, and in so doing, set up another Inter-University record. Gupte also ably seconded the efforts of his team-mate, bagging 3 for 19. The Bombay team thoroughly deserved their win, which entitled them to meet Calcutta, winners of the North Zone, in the final of the Tournament.

P. S.—At the time of writing, news has reached us that Bombay still hold the Rohinton Baria Trophy, by virtue of their resounding victory over Calcutta who were defeated by an innings and 126 runs. Our hearty congratulations to the winners.

Sd/ G. Brant Little
Director of Physical Education,
University of Ceylon, Colombo

Dated 26th February, 1949.

Inter-University Cricket Tournament, South Zone, 1948-49.

Though this Tournament was arranged to be conducted by the Ceylon University, a part of the Fixtures was entrusted to the Madras University and the matches between Madras and Mysore were played on 9th, 10th

& 11th December, 1948 at Madras and the winners (Madras University) had to play against Bombay on 22nd, 23rd and 24th December, 1948 and the winners (Bombay) of the match proceeded to Ceylon to play the rest of their fixtures of the South Zone Cricket Tournament at Ceylon.

Sd/ A. G. Kanaka Raj
Secretary,
Inter-University Tournaments
and Sports Committee, Madras.

Dated 1st March, 1949.

Inter-University Hockey Tournament, South Zone, 1948-49.

The Inter-University Hockey Tournament (South Zone) was conducted by the Madras University between 3rd and 12th January, 1949, The Nagpur, Osmania, Mysore, Utkal, Travancore and Madras Universities participated in the Tournament. Out of these, the Madras University were the Finalists in the South Zone Hockey Tournament and they went to Aligarh to play with North Zone Finalists.

Sd/ A. G. Kanaka Raj
Secretary,
Inter-Uuiversity Tournaments
and Sports Committee, Madras.

Dated 1st March, 1949.

Inter University Swimming Competition. 1948-49.

Inter University Swimming Competition was conducted by the Madras University at the Marina Swimming Pool on the 25th and 26th October, 1948, from 8 a. m. to 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. to 5 p. m. each day with Lt. Col. Diwan Bahadur Sir A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar, Vice-Chancellor, Madras University as President.

At first, Bombay, Banaras, Utkal, Lucknow, Aligarh and Madras sent in their entries but later on the fixed dates, Lucknow, Aligarh and Utkal Universities did not attend. Bombay, Banaras and Madras Universities participated. The different items in which they took part are as follows:-

100 Metres Free Style.
100 ,, Breast Stroke.
100 ,, Back ,,
200 ,, Breast ,,
200 ,, Back ,,
400 Metres Free Style.
1500 ,, ,, ,,
4x100 ,, Relay Free Style.
4x100 ,, ,, Medley.

Diving from 1 to 3 Metres Board, all standing—
10 Compulsory and 5 Voluntary.

The results of the competition are herewith enclosed for your information. Practically Bombay University won all the Events and the Scores are as follows:—

1. Bombay 81. 2. Madras 4. 3. Banaras Nil.

The distribution of Certificates took place at 4-30 p.m. after the Vice-Chancellor delivered a short speech. Then, the competing Universities were treated to Tea and the function came to a close with vote of thanks at 6 p.m. on 26th of October, 1948.

EVENT	FIRST		TIME.
100 Metres Free Style	I. Mansoor,	Bombay.	68. 8. sec.
100 ,, Breast Stroke	A.S. Bharucha,	Bombay.	1 min. 27. 8 sec.
100 ,, Back Stroke	J. Rocha,	Bombay.	1 min. 27. 2 sec.
200 ,, Breast Stroke	J. Naigaumwala,	Bombay.	3 n.in. 12. 2 sec.
200 ,, Back Stroke	S.C. Mehta,	Bombay.	3 min. 13. sec.
400 ,, Free Style	I. Mansoor,	Bombay.	6 min. 25. 8 sec.
1500 ,, Free Style	I. Mansoor,	Bombay.	28 min. 49. 8 sec.
4 x 100 ,, Relay Free Style	1. I. Mansoor, 2. D. Sopher, 3. K.R. Kapadia 4. A.C. Mehta,	Bombay.	5 min. 5. sec.
4 x 100 ,, Relay Medley	1. D. Sopher, 2. J. Rocha, 3. A.S. Barucha, 4. I. Mansoor,	Bombay.	5 min. 34 sec.
Diving.	I. Mansoor,	Bombay.	311.

Sd A.G. KANAKA RAJ
Secretary,
Inter-University Tournaments
and Sports Committee, Madras.

Dated 1st March, 1949.

Inter-University Wrestling and Athletic Tournaments, 1948-49.

The Inter-University Wrestling and Athletic tournaments were organised by the Lucknow University on the Riverside grounds on the following dates :—

Inter-University Wrestling—23rd and 24th January, 1949.

Inter-University Athletics—24th and 25th January, 1949.

The following Universities participated in the respective tournaments :—

Wrestling : 1. Allahabad, 2. Banaras, 3. Mysore and 4. Lucknow.

Athletics : 1. Allahabad, 2. Aligarh, 3. Agra, 4. Banaras, 5. Bombay, 6. East Panjab, 7. Mysore, 8. Utkal and 9. Lucknow.

The Wrestling competitions were held in the Maharaj Singh Gymnasium of Lucknow University and were witnessed by a large number of people. The contest in many of the bouts was very keen and exciting. The results of the competitions are attached herewith :—

Fly Weight.	1.	Ramesh Chandra Dixit	—	Lucknow.
	2.	Moti Lal Rastogi	—	Lucknow.
Light Weight.	1.	Ram Narain Rai	—	Allahabad.
	2.	S. Pal	—	Mysore.
Feather Weight.	1.	V. N. Dube	—	Banaras.
	2.	V. Samuel	—	Allahabad.
Bantam Weight.	1.	N. C. Parappa	—	Mysore.
	2.	Surendra Nath Bajpai	—	Lucknow.
Welter Weight.	1.	Harbans Singh	—	Allahabad.
	2.	Shankatha Pd. Singh	—	Allahabad.

The Inter-University Athletic Meet held on the River side Grounds was opened on the 24th January, 1949, by the Hon'ble Shree C. B. Gupta, Minister of Health, U. P. Govt. The March Past was led by the Bombay University. About 150 competitors from nine Universities of India participated in this Meet. The arrangements for lodging of the athletes of various Universities and their Managers were made in the Chutter Manzil (Formerly U. S. Club) a palatial building, situated on the Bank of the Gomti just opposite the Riverside Grounds. We have reason to be grateful to the U. P. Government for placing this building at our disposal for this purpose. The Athletic competitions were continued on the 25th of January, 1949, and came to a close with the distribution of prizes and certificates by H. E. Shrimati Sarojini Naidu, the Governor of United Provinces. The Athletic Championship was won by the Bombay University. A copy of the programme and results of these competitions are attached herewith. It is regretted that the women's events could not be held because inspite of Bombay and Allahabad Universities having agreed to send women competitors, Lucknow was found to be the only participant for the women's events.

Both the competitions were successfully conducted with the co-operation aud help of the authorities of the Lucknow University and the Managers of various teams and I am grateful to all those who have extended their help and cooperation in the organisation of the tournaments.

Sd Ramesh Mohan
Organiser,
Inter-University Wrestling and
Athletic Competitions,
University of Lucknow.

Dated 1st March, 1949.

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Results of the Inter-University Athletic Meet, 1948-49, Finals.

High Jump.	1. T.S. Cheema	(51—Bombay)	5′— 8½″
	2. N. Nagaratnam	(117—Banaras)	
	3. J.C. Kapoor	(109—Banaras)	
Discus.	1. Ishar Singh	(81—East Panjab)	115′— 2½″
	2. Jaswant Singh	(82—East Panjab)	
	3. Rajpal Singh	(130—Agra)	
800 Metres.	1. L.S. Shinde	(45—Bombay)	2 Mts. 6 sec.
	2. Ramegowda	(30—Mysore)	
	3. Viqar Zaidi	(137—Lucknow)	
Hop-step & Jump.	1. T. Le Febour	(50—Bombay)	43′— 4½″
	2. Kanwalnam Singh	(71—East Panjab)	
	3. Karpal Singh	(77—East Panjab)	
Hammer throw.	1. Sukhwant Singh	(84—East Panjab)	107′—5½″
	2. Amarjit Singh	(85—East Panjab)	
	2. A. Roberts	(35—Mysore)	
110 Metres High Hurdles.	1. J. Crasto	(41—Bombay)	16. 9 Sec.
	2. A. Mitra	(107—Banaras)	
	3. H.S. Cheema	(46—Bombay)	
100 Metres.	1. J. Crasto	(41—Bombay)	11. 5. Sec.
	2. E. Powell	(44—Bombay)	
	3. Mansoor Ahmad	(135—Lucknow)	
Putting the shot.	1. Ishar Singh	(81—East Panjab)	38′—11½″
	2. Gurdev Singh	(78—East Panjab)	
	3. S.C. Bahadurji	(52—Bombay)	
200 Metres.	1. J. Crasto	(41—Bombay)	23 Sec.
	2. O. Pinto	(43—Bombay)	
	3. Gurcharan Singh	(64—East Panjab)	
1500 Metres.	1. Rame Gowda	(30—Mysore)	4 Mts. 18. 9 Sec.
	2. Balwant Singh	(69—East Panjab)	
	3. Lakshman Rao	(31—Mysore)	
Long Jump.	1. T. Le Febour	(50—Bombay)	21′—5½″
	2. Khurshid Ahmad	(8—Allahabad)	
	3. F.M. Furtado	(26—Mysore)	
Javenlin Throw.	1. Khurshid Ahmad	(8—Allahabad)	167′—9″
	2. T. S. Cheema	(51—Bombay)	
	3. Harbilas Yogi	(133—Agra)	
400 Metres low Hurdles.	1. J. Crasto	(42—Bombay)	1 mt. 32. 7 Sec.
	2. S. Yeshvantaraj	(29—Mysore)	
	3. M. G. Dalvi	(48—Bombay)	
400 Metres.	1. O. Pinto	(43—Bombay)	52. 4 Sec.
	2. Jagdev Singh	(65—East Panjab)	
	3. Naunchal Singh	(66—East Panjab)	
Pole Vault.	1. H. S. Cheema	(46—Bombay)	10′
	2. Bhajan Singh	(79—East Panjab)	
	3. S.C. Bahadurji	(52—Bombay)	
4 x 100 Metres Relay	1.	EAST PANJAB	46. 6 Sec.
	2.	MYSORE	
	3.	BANARAS	

4 x 400 Metres Relay	1.	EAST PANJAB 3 Mts. 33. 2 Sec
	2.	BOMBAY
	3.	BANARAS.

The Inter-University Basket-ball Tournament, 1948-49.

Only two teams, Madras and Mysore Universities sent in their entries on the 30th September, 1948 - but on extending the date to 18th October, 1948, (by the goodness of the Secretary, Inter-University Board of India) there more Universities: Travancore, Osmania and Allahabad sent in their entries. Ties were drawn and matches were played as follows:—

1. Osmania vs Mysore 25. 11. 1948, 4 p. m.
2. Madras vs Travancore 26. 11. 1948, 4 p. m.
3. Winners of 1 vs Winners 2. 28/11/1948, 4. p. m.
4. Winner of South Zone (the above teams) vs North Zone (Allahabad University – the only University that entered from this Zone) on the 29th November, 1948.

But the Allahabad University having withdrawn, this tournament become an All-South Zone affair.

The match played on the 25th between Osmania and Mysore was a tame affair Mysore winning comfortably. But the match between Madras and Travancore was a rough game. In the first half, Travancore was leading but in the second half the Madras team pulled up and won the match by a small margin.

Allahabad University having withdrawn from this Tournament, the Finals between the Madras and the Mysore was played on the 28th at 4 p. m. This was very well contested match, and even though the Mysore Team was a superior one, they literally gave away the match to their opponents who won the same by a small margin. However, the Madras University Team deserve congratulations for their hardwon victory. Mr. Rajsekhar played very well for his (Madras) University.

After the game, our popular-sportsman, Vice-Chancellor, Shri R. Kasturi Raj Chetty, B.A., B.L. (Dip-in-Edn.), was 'AT HOME' to all participatlng teams; and at this function, the Hon'ble Minister for Education, Shir D.H. Chandrasekharaiya, B.A., LL.B., gave away the Trophy (Token) to the Winners, the Unlversity of Madras.

In this connection, allow me to thank through you all the Secretaries and Physical Directors of the Universities including ours that participated in this Tournament and also you for your unfailing courtesy.

Sd/ B. V. Patankar
Convener,
Inter-University Sports Committee,
University of Mysore, Bangalore.

Dated 3rd March, 1949.

Inter-University Badminton Tournament, North Zone, 1948-49:

The 1st Inter-University Badminton Tournament for the North Zone was held at Allahabad in the 1st week of December, 1948. Four Universities viz., Allahabad, Banaras, Lucknow and Patna participated in the tournament. Representatives of Lucknow won the North Zone.

The matches were attended by large crowds every day and great enthusiasm was invoked. The game was of a high standard.

Sd/O. P. Bhatnagar,
President
Athletic Association, Badminton,
Allahabad University,

Dated 3rd March, 1949.

Inter-University Hockey Tournament, North Zone and Finals, 1948-49

In the first match Aligarh versus Banaras, Aligarh won by one goal to nil.

Lucknow having withdrawn, East Panjab had a walk-over and met Aligarh in the North Zone Finals on the 17th, resulting in a goal-less draw. Subsequently Aligarh withdrew giving a walk-over to East Panjab.

The All-India Finals East Panjab versus Madras were played on the 20th January. East Panjab won by three goals to nil, thus annexing the championship.

There being no Trophy, Certificates were awarded to the winners and runners up.

Except for a slightly unpleasant incident on the 17th between Aligarh and East Panjab which both teams quickly made up, the tournament was played in a most cordial atmosphere. I am deeply grateful to the three outside teams-Banaras, East Panjab and Madras and more speeially to thei Managers for their accommodating spirit and the assistance which they gave me in running the Tournament. It was mainly due to their cooperation that the tournament was a success resulting in goodwill on all sides.

Sd S Mahmud Hosain
Secretary,
Games Committee,
Aligarh Muslim University.

Dated 9th March, 1949.